SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier	Low-VOC Primer-Cleaner for PVC and CPV	C Plastic Pipe	
Other means of identification			
SDS number	SDS-00063		
Product code	VC9903, VC9902, VC9932		
Recommended use	Low-VOC primer-cleaner for PVC and CPVC plastic pipe.		
Recommended restrictions	None known.		
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/	Distributor information		
Company name	ABB Installation Products Inc.		
Address	860 Ridge Lake Blvd.		
	Memphis, TN 38120		
	USA		
Telephone	901-252-5000 ext. 8324		
Emergency telephone	CHEMTREC - 24 hours:		
	+1-800-424-9300 (Toll-free)		
	+1 703-741-5970		
2. Hazard(s) identification			
Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2	
Health hazards	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A	
	Carcinogenicity	Category 2	
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation	
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure		
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.		
Label elements			
Signal word	Danger		
Hazard statement	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes see May cause respiratory irritation. May cause dro	rious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. owsiness or dizziness.	
Precautionary statement			
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep		
	electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use of		
	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.	thing mist/vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye	
	protection/face protection.		
Response	If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye		
	irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center	n. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep r/doctor if you feel unwell. In case of fire: Use water	
	fog, foam, dry chemical powder, carbon dioxid	e, naion to extinguish.	

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up. Storage

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Disposal

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS	S number	%
Acetone	6	7-64-1	50 - 75
Tetrahydrofuran	10)9-99-9	15 - 35
Methyl ethyl ketone	7	8-93-3	10 - 25
Composition comments	The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has I All concentrations are in percent by volume unless otherwise		trade secret.
4. First-aid measures			
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position co center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.	omfortable for brea	thing. Call a poison
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin attention if irritation develops and persists.	with water/shower	. Get medical
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.		
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.		
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, w Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling respiratory irritation. Repeated exposure may cause skin of may cause chronic effects.	g, and blurred visio	n. May cause
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptoma immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Symptoms may be delayed.	adhere to affected	area. Call an
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (s that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involve themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.	how the label when	e possible). Ensure
5. Fire-fighting measures			
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (C	CO2). Halon.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulate occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling pro- electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on hazardous to health may be formed.	r of electricity and o ed, ignition of flamm bonding and groun operly grounded co the presence of sm	can become nable mixtures can nding procedures. ontainers. Static nall quantities of wate
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective cloth	hing must be worn	in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Mov so without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with wa		
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the haz	ards of other involv	ved materials.
opcome methods			
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.		

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist/vapors. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools.
	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist/vapors. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store at temperature below 110°F (44°C). Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Туре	Value	
PEL	2400 mg/m3	
	1000 ppm	
PEL	590 mg/m3	
	200 ppm	
PEL	590 mg/m3	
	200 ppm	
Туре	Value	
STEL	500 ppm	
TWA	250 ppm	
STEL	300 ppm	
TWA	200 ppm	
STEL	100 ppm	
TWA	50 ppm	
cal Hazards		
Туре	Value	
TWA	590 mg/m3	
	Type PEL PEL PEL PEL STEL TWA STEL TWA	PEL 2400 mg/m3 1000 ppm PEL 590 mg/m3 200 ppm PEL 590 mg/m3 200 ppm Z00 ppm

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Туре	Value	
STEL	885 mg/m3	
	300 ppm	
TWA	590 mg/m3	
	200 ppm	
STEL	735 mg/m3	
	250 ppm	
TWA	590 mg/m3	
	200 ppm	
	TWA STEL	300 ppm TWA 590 mg/m3 200 ppm STEL 735 mg/m3 250 ppm TWA 590 mg/m3

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	25 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	*
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	2 mg/l	Tetrahydrofura n	Urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 1	109-99-9) Danger of cutaneous absorption
Appropriate engineering controls	Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.
Individual protection measures	s, such as personal protective equipment
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Butyl rubber gloves are recommended, but be aware that the liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent change is advisable. Other suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.
Skin protection	
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Thin liquid.
Color	Clear or purple
Odor	Ketone.
Odor threshold	1 ppm (Acetone)

pH	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	-163.3 °F (-108.5 °C) (Tetrahydrofuran)
Initial boiling point and boiling range	132.8 °F (56 °C) (Acetone)
Flash point	-4 °F (-20 °C) Tag Closed Cup (Acetone)
Evaporation rate	> 1 (Butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Explosive limit - lower (%)	1.4 (Methyl ethyl ketone)
Explosive limit - upper (%)	12.8 (Acetone)
Vapor pressure	190 mm Hg (Acetone) (68 °F (20 °C))
Vapor density	> 2 (Air = 1)
Relative density	0.83 (Water = 1) (73.4 °F (23 °C))
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Solvent portion soluble in water. Resin portion separates out.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	609.8 °F (321 °C) (Tetrahydrofuran)
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Water-thin.
Other information	
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
VOC	<= 550 g/l (SCAQMD Rule 1168, Test Method 316A)
10. Stability and reactivity	
Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	May form explosive peroxides.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Protect against direct sunlight. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Bases. Oxidizers. Amines. Ammonia. Caustics. Isocyanates. Chlorinated compounds.
Hazardous decomposition products	Hydrogen chloride. Carbon oxides. Formaldehyde. Hydrocarbons.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

information on likely routes of	
Inhalation	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. The product contains components which may penetrate skin.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Information on toxicological eff	iects

Acute toxicity

Not expected to be acutely toxic.

Components	Species	Test Results		
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)				
Acute				
Dermal				
LD50	Rabbit	> 15700 mg/kg, 24 Hours		
Inhalation				
Vapor				
LC50	Rat	76 mg/l, 4 Hours		
Oral				
LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg		
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3	3)			
<u>Acute</u>				
Dermal				
LD50	Rat	6400 mg/kg		
Inhalation				
Vapor				
LC50	Rat	34.5 mg/l, 4 Hours		
Oral				
LD50	Rat	2600 mg/kg		
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)				
Acute				
Inhalation				
LC50	Rat	53.9 mg/l, 4 Hours		
Oral				
LD50	Rat	1650 mg/kg		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or	cracking.		
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.			
Respiratory or skin sensitizatio	n			
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.			
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensi	itization.		
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.			
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer.			
IARC Monographs. Overall	Evaluation of Carcinogenicity			
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 10 NTP Report on Carcinogen		cinogenic to humans.		
Not listed. OSHA Specifically Regulate	ed Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)			
Not listed.				
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproduct	ive or developmental effects.		
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drov	May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.	Not classified.		
Aspiration hazard	Does not meet classification criteria.			
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged	d exposure may cause chronic effects.		
12. Ecological information				
Ecotoxicity	The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the			
	possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.			

Components		Species	Test Results	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)				
Aquatic				
Acute				
Crustacea	LC50	Daphnia pulex	8800 mg/l, 48 Hours	
Fish	LC50	Pimephales promelas	7163 mg/l, 96 Hours	
Chronic				
Crustacea	NOEC	Daphnia magna	> 79 mg/l, 21 days	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-	-93-3)			
Aquatic				
Acute				
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna	5091 mg/l, 48 Hours	
Fish	LC50	Pimephales promelas	3220 mg/l, 96 Hours	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99	9-9)			
Aquatic				
Acute				
Crustacea	LC50	Daphnia magna	5930 mg/l, 24 Hours	
Fish	LC50	Pimephales promelas	2160 mg/l, 96 Hours	
Chronic				
Algae	NOEC	Scenedesmus quadricauda	3700 mg/l, 8 days	
rsistence and degradability	Not readily	/ biodegradable.		
accumulative potential		-		
Partition coefficient n-octa	nol / water (I	oq Kow)		
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		-0.24		
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-		0.29		
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99	-	0.46		
bility in soil		ct is partially soluble in water.	which have a photochamical azona creation	
ner adverse effects	potential.	ct contains volatile organic compounds	which have a photochemical ozone creation	
Discussion and second dependence				
. Disposal consideratio				
posal instructions	material u	nder controlled conditions in an approve . Dispose of contents/container in accor	s at licensed waste disposal site. Incinerate the d incinerator. Do not incinerate sealed dance with local/regional/national/international	
cal disposal regulations	Dispose ir	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.		
zardous waste code		ste Flammable material with a flash poir	nt <140 F	
	The waste	D035: Waste Methyl ethyl ketone The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.		
ste from residues / unused oducts	Dispose o product re	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).		
ntaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.			
. Transport information	l			
т				
UN number	UN1993			
UN proper shipping name		e liquids, n.o.s. (Methyl ethyl ketone, Ac	etone)	
Transport hazard class(es)				
Class	3			

01400	Ū	
Subsidiary risk	-	
Label(s)	3	
Packing group	11	
Low-VOC Primer-Cleaner for	or PVC and CPVC Plastic Pipe	
933500 Version #: 03 F	Revision date: 02-August-2021	Issue date: 02-May-2016

3

Class

Environmental hazards		
Marine pollutant	No	
	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.	
Special provisions	IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28	
Packaging exceptions	150	
Packaging non bulk	202 242	
Packaging bulk IATA	242	
UN number	UN1993	
UN number UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Methyl ethyl ketone, Acetone)	
Transport hazard class(es)		
Class	3	
Subsidiary risk	-	
Label(s)	3	
Packing group		
Environmental hazards	No	
ERG Code	3H	
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.	
IMDG		
UN number	UN1993	
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Methyl ethyl ketone, Acetone)	
Transport hazard class(es)		
Class	3	
Subsidiary risk	-	
Packing group	II	
Environmental hazards		
Marine pollutant	No	
EmS	F-E, <u>S-E</u>	
	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.	
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and	Not established.	
the IBC Code		
15. Regulatory information		
US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.	
TSCA Section 12(b) Expo	ort Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)	
Not regulated.		
	stance List (40 CFR 302.4)	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-	1) Listed.	
Methyl ethyl ketone (0		
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS		
SARA 304 Emergency release notification		
Not regulated.		
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)		
Not listed.		
Toxic Substances Control Ac	ct (TSCA) All components of the mixture on the TSCA 8(b) inventory are designated "active".	

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance Not listed. SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes chemical Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids) categories Serious eye damage or eye irritation Carcinogenicity Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) Hazard not otherwise classified (HNOC)

SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Not regulated.			
Other federal regulations			
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section	112 Hazardous Air Pollutants	s (HAPs) List	
Not regulated. Clean Air Act (CAA) Section	112(r) Accidental Release Pro	evention (40 CFR 68.130)	
Not regulated.			
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Not regulated.		
Drug Enforcement Admin Chemical Code Number	nistration (DEA). List 2, Esse	ntial Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and	1310.04(f)(2) and
Acetone (CAS 67-64- Methyl ethyl ketone (C	CAS 78-93-3)	6532 6714 xempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310. ⁻	12(~))
Acetone (CAS 67-64-		35 %WV	12(0))
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 07-04- Methyl ethyl ketone (C DEA Exempt Chemical M	CAS 78-93-3)	35 %WV	
Acetone (CAS 67-64- Methyl ethyl ketone (C	CAS 78-93-3)	6532 6714 Ifety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workpl	ace
Acetone (CAS 67-64- Methyl ethyl ketone (C	1)	Low priority Low priority	
US state regulations			
US. Massachusetts RTK - Su	bstance List		
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109 US. New Jersey Worker and	999-9)	ct	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)			
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109 US. Pennsylvania Worker and	999-9)	Law	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS			
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109 US. Rhode Island RTK			
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109			
California Proposition 65			
	y chemicals currently listed as	ct of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material carcinogens or reproductive toxins. For	
US. California. Candidate subd. (a))	e Chemicals List. Safer Cons	umer Products Regulations (Cal. Code F	Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3,
Acetone (CAS 67-64- Methyl ethyl ketone (C Tetrahydrofuran (CAS	CAS 78-93-3)		
International Inventories			
Country(s) or region	Inventory name		On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Industr		Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DS	,	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances Lis		No
China		Il Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Substances (EINECS)		Yes
	Example and that of Mattice at Ohm.	and and Orchasteria and (ELINICO)	

European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)

Europe

No

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	02-May-2016
Revision date	02-August-2021
Version #	03
HMIS® ratings	Health: 2* Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings



Disclaimer

ABB Installation Products Inc. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.