## **TeSys** Protect LRK, Deca, Giga Overload relays



Type of product	Range	Pages
Adjustable thermal overload relays For motors FeSys LRK	From <b>0.16</b> to <b>16</b> A	B11/2
Adjustable thermal overload relays For unbalanced loads FeSys LRK	From <b>0.8</b> to <b>16</b> A	B11/3
Thermal overload relays Class 10 A -	For use with <b>TeSys</b> Deca contactors	
TeSys Deca adjustable thermal overload relays For motors	From 0.16 to 140 A	B11/4
TeSys Deca adjustable thermal overload relays Tor unbalanced loads	From 0.16 to 140 A	B11/4
Thermal overload relays Class 20 - F	or use with <b>TeSys</b> Deca contactors	
TeSys Deca adjustable thermal overload relays For motors	From 0.63 to 80 A	B11/6
reSys Deca adjustable thermal overload relays For unbalanced loads	From <b>0.63</b> to <b>32</b> A	B11/6
Electronic thermal overload relays - I	For use with <b>TeSys</b> Deca contactors	
TeSys Deca adjustable electronic overload relay, Multi-class, multi-scale	From 0.1 to 150 A	B11/10
Electronic overload relays - For use v	vith <b>TeSys</b> Giga contactors	
eSys LR9G electronic overload relays oprotect against overload, phase imbalance, whase loss and ground fault	From 28 to 630 A	B11/11
Single pole magnetic over current	relays	
TeSys RM1 Latching or non latching overload relays	From <b>1.15</b> to <b>630</b> A	B11/15
Thermistor-type protection units –	For use detection of motor overheati	ng
eSys LT3 Protection units and PTC probes, with or without fault memory	From 90 to 170 °C	B11/17
Electronic over current relays - Fo	machine protection	
Predefined or adjustable starting times, Manual reset	From 1.5 to 34 A	B11/19
	-	

From 0.5 to 50 A

Automatic, electric or manual reset

B11/19

## Product references

## 3-pole thermal overload relays for TeSys K contactors

These overload relays are designed for the protection of motors. They are compensated and phase failure sensitive. Resetting can either be manual or automatic.

Direct mounting: under the contactor for versions with screw clamp terminals only; pre-wired terminals, see pages B11/28 and B11/30.

Separate mounting: using terminal block LA7K0064 (see below).

On the front face of the overload relay:

- selection of reset mode: Manual (marked H) or Automatic (marked A),
- red pushbutton: Trip Test function,
- blue pushbutton: Stop and manual Reset,
- yellow trip flag indicator: overload relay tripped.

Protection by magnetic circuit breaker GV2LE, see pages coordination tables chapter A6.









Class 10 A (the	standard s	pecifies a trip	pping time of betwe	een 2 and 10 seconds at 7.2 In)
Relay setting range	Fuses to Maximu Type		h selected relay	Reference
	аМ	gG	BS88	
Α	Α	Α	Α	
0.110.16	0.25	0.5	_	LR2K0301
0.160.23	0.25	0.5	_	LR2K0302
0.230.36	0.5	1	_	LR2K0303
0.360.54	1	1.6	_	LR2K0304
0.540.8	1	2	_	LR2K0305
0.81.2	2	4	6	LR2K0306
1.21.8	2	6	6	LR2K0307
1.82.6	4	8	10	LR2K0308
2.63.7	4	10	16	LR2K0310
3.75.5	6	16	16	LR2K0312
5.58	8	20	20	LR2K0314
811.5	10	25	20	LR2K0316
1014	16	32	25	LR2K0321
1216	20	40	32	LR2K0322

## Overload relays for unbalanced loads

Class 10 A: to order, replace the prefix LR2 by LR7 in the references selected from above (only applicable to overload relays LR2K0305 to LR2K0322). Example: LR7K0308.

## Overload relays

## **TeSys** Protect **TeSys** Protect accessory for LRK Thermal overload relays

Product references



LA7K0064

Accessory for TeSys LRK Thermal overload relay			
Description	Type of connection	Reference	
Terminal block for separate clip-on mounting of the overload relay on 35 mm — rail	Screw clamp	LA7K0064	

## Product references

## 3-pole differential thermal overload relays for Deca contactors - Class 10A

- for use with fuses or magnetic circuit breakers ref. GV2L and GV3L
- compensated relays with manual or automatic reset
- with relay trip indicator

■ for a.c. or d.c.						
Relay setting	Fuses to	be used with	selected relay	For use with	Reference	Weight
range (A)	aM (A)	gG (A)	BS88 (A)	contactor LC1		kg
Class 10 A (1) for conne	ction by sc	rew clamp t	erminals or c	onnectors		
0.100.16	0.25	2	_	D09D38	LRD01	0.124
0.160.25	0.5	2	_	D09D38	LRD02	0.124
0.250.40	1	2	_	D09D38	LRD03	0.124
0.400.63	1	2	_	D09D38	LRD04	0.124
0.631	2	4	_	D09D38	LRD05	0.124
11.6	2	4	6	D09D38	LRD06	0.124
1.62.5	4	6	10	D09D38	LRD07	0.124
2.54	6	10	16	D09D38	LRD08	0.124
46	8	16	16	D09D38	LRD10	0.124
5.58	12	20	20	D09D38	LRD12	0.124
710	12	20	20	D09D38	LRD14	0.124
913	16	25	25	D12D38	LRD16	0.124
1218	20	35	32	D18D38	LRD21	0.124
1624	25	50	50	D25D38	LRD22	0.124
2332	40	63	63	D25D38	LRD32	0.124
3038	40	80	80	D32 and D38	LRD35	0.124
Class 10 A (1) for conne	ction by Ev	erLink® BTF	R screw conne	ectors (2)		
913	16	25	25	D40AD65A	LRD313	0.375
1218	20	32	35	D40AD65A	LRD318	0.375
1725	25	50	50	D40AD65A	LRD325	0.375
2332	40	63	63	D40AD65A	LRD332	0.375
3040	40	80	80	D40AD65A	LRD340	0.375
3750	63	100	100	D40AD65A	LRD350	0.375
4865	63	100	100	D50A and D65A	LRD365	0.375
6280	80	125	125	D80A	LRD380	0.375
Class 10 A (1) for conne	ction by sc	rew clamp t	erminals or c	onnectors		
1725	25	50	50	D80 and D95	LRD3322	0.510
2332	40	63	63	D80 and D95	LRD3353	0.510
3040	40	100	80	D80 and D95	LRD3355	0.510
3750	63	100	100	D80 and D95	LRD3357	0.510
4865	63	100	100	D80 and D95	LRD3359	0.510
5570	80	125	125	D80 and D95	LRD3361	0.510
6380	80	125	125	D80 and D95	LRD3363	0.510
80104	100	160	160	D80 and D95	LRD3365	0.510
80104	125	200	160	D115 and D150	LRD4365	0.900
95120	125	200	200	D115 and D150	LRD4367	0.900
110140	160	250	200	D150	LRD4369	0.900
80104	100	160	160	(3)	LRD33656	1.000
95120	125	200	200	(3)	LRD33676	1.000
110140	160	250	200	(3)	LRD33696	1.000
Class 10 A (1) for conne	ction by lug	gs				



LRD33

LRD••



LRD43



## Class 10 A $^{\mbox{\scriptsize (1)}}$ for connection by screw clamp terminals or lugs In the references selected above, change the prefix LRD (except LRD43...) to LR3D. Example: LRD02 becomes LR3D02. Example with EverLink®connectors: LRD340 becomes LR3D340. Example with lugs: LRD3806 becomes LR3D3806.

■ figure 6 for relays LRD01 to LRD35 and relays LRD313 to LRD380.

Relays LRD43. are suitable, as standard, for use with lug-clamps. Thermal overload relays for use with unbalanced loads

(1) Standard IEC 60947-4-1 specifies a tripping time for 7.2 times the setting current I<sub>g</sub>: class 10 A: between 2 and 10 seconds.

Select the appropriate overload relay with screw clamp terminals or connectors from the table above and add

(2) BTR screws: hexagon socket head. In accordance with local electrical wiring regulations, a size 4 insulated Allen key must be used (reference LADALLEN4, see page B8/42).

one of the following suffixes:

■ **A66** for relays LRD3322 to LRD3363.

(3) Independent mounting of the contactor.

Please check the availability of your variant in the index page B11/20. The SEARCH function of your viewer can be used.

LRD3••6

Characteristics: Dimensions Schemes pages B11/31 to B11/34 pages B11/35 to B11/37 page B11/37



## Product references



## 3-pole differential thermal overload relays for Deca contactors - Class 10 A

- for use with fuses or magnetic circuit breakers ref. GV2L and GV3L
- compensated relays with manual or automatic reset
- with relay trip indicator
- for a.c. or d.c.

Relay setting	Fuses to be	used with se	lected relay	For use with	Reference
range (A)	aM (A)	gG (A)	BS88 (A)	contactor LC1	
Classes 10 A (1) for conne	ction by sp	ring termin	als (only for	direct mounting be	neath the contactor)
11.6	2	4	6	D09D38	LRD063
1.62.5	4	6	10	D09D38	LRD073
2.54	6	10	16	D09D38	LRD083
46	8	16	16	D09D38	LRD103
5.58	12	20	20	D09D38	LRD123
710	12	20	20	D09D38	LRD143
913	16	25	25	D12D38	LRD163
1218	20	35	32	D18D38	LRD213
1624	25	50	50	D25D38	LRD223

Class 10 A with conr	nection by Ev	erLink® BTF	R screw con	nectors (2) and contro	I by spring terminals
2332	40	63	63	D40AD65A	LRD3323
3750	63	100	100	D40AD65A	LRD3503
4865	63	100	100	D50A and D65A	LRD3653
6280	80	125	125	D80A	LRD3803

## Thermal overload relays for use with unbalanced loads

Classes 10 A <sup>(1)</sup> for connection by BTR screw connectors <sup>(2)</sup> and control by spring terminals

In the references selected above, replace LRD3 with LR3D3.

Example: LRD3803 becomes LR3D3803.



Classes 10 A (1) for connection by screw clamp terminals

For relays LRD06 to LRD35 only, for an operating voltage of 1000 V, and only for independent mounting, the reference becomes LRD33••A66.

Order an **LA7D3064** terminal block separately, see page B11/9.

Standard relay	Relay for 1000 V network
LRD32	LRD3353A66

(1) Standard IEC 60947-4-1 specifies a tripping time for 7.2 times the setting current  $I_{R}$ : class 10 A: between 2 and 10 seconds.

(2) BTR screws: hexagon socket head. In accordance with local electrical wiring regulations, a size 4 insulated Allen key must be used (reference LADALLEN4, see page B8/42).

Please check the availability of your variant in the index page B11/20. The SEARCH function of your viewer can be used.







## Product references

## 3-pole differential termal overload relays for Deca contactors - Class 20

- for use with fuses or magnetic circuit breakers ref. GV2L and GV3L
- compensated relays with manual or automatic reset
- with relay trip indicator
- for a.c. or d.c.

■ IOI a.c. of d.c.					
Relay setting range (A)		used with se	•	For use with contactor LC1	Reference
Classes 20 (1) for connect	aM (A)	gG (A)	BS88 (A)	00	
0.631	2	4	-	D09D38	LRD05L
11.6	2	4	6	D09D38	LRD06L
1.62.5	4	6	10	D09D38	LRD07L
2.54	6	10	16	D09D38	LRD08L
46	8	16	16	D09D38	LRD10L
5.58	12	20	20	D09D38	LRD12L
710	12	20	20	D09D38	LRD14L
913	16	25	25	D12D38	LRD16L
1218	20	35	32	D18D38	LRD21L
1724	25	50	50	D25D38	LRD22L
2332	40	63	63	D25D38	LRD32L
Class 20 (1) for connection	n by EverLir	nk® BTR scr	ew connect	ors <sup>(2)</sup>	
913	20	32	35	D40AD65A	LRD313L
1218	25	40	40	D40AD65A	LRD318L
1725	32	50	50	D40AD65A	LRD325L
2332	40	63	63	D40AD65A	LRD332L
3040	50	80	80	D40AD65A	LRD340L
3750	63	100	100	D40AD65A	LRD350L
4865	80	125	125	D50A and D65A	LRD365L
Classes 20 (1) for connect	ion by scre	w clamp tei	rminals		
1725	32	50	50	D80 and D95	LR2D3522
2332	40	63	63	D80 and D95	LR2D3553
3040	40	100	80	D80 and D95	LR2D3555



LRD05L...LRD32L









LR2D35••

## Class 20 (1) for connection by lugs

For relays LRD05L to LRD32L and relays LRD313L to LRD365L, select the appropriate overload relay with screw clamp terminals or connectors from the table above and add the suffixe 6.

100

100

125

125

D80 and D95

D80 and D95

D80 and D95

D80 and D95

LR2D3557

LR2D3559

LR2D3561

LR2D3563

Example: LRD05L becomes LRD05L6.

## Thermal overload relays for use with unbalanced loads

100

125

125

160

## Class 20 (1) for connection by screw clamp terminals or lugs

63

80

100

100

For relays LRD05L to LRD32L and relays LR2D3522 to LR2D3563, select the appropriate overload relay with screw clamp terminals or connectors from the table above and change the prefix LRD or LR2D to LR3D. Example: LRD05L becomes LR3D05L.

- (1) Standard IEC 60947-4-1 specifies a tripping time for 7.2 times the setting current I<sub>R</sub>: class 20: between 6 and 20 seconds
- (2) BTR screws: hexagon socket head. In accordance with local electrical wiring regulations, a size 4 insulated Allen key must be used (reference LADALLEN4, see page B8/42).

Please check the availability of your variant in the index page B11/20. The SEARCH function of your viewer can be used.

37...50

48...65

55...70

63...80

## Deca Thermal overload relays

Product references

## 3-pole differential thermal overload relays for Deca contactors - Class 20

- for use with fuses or magnetic circuit breakers ref. GV2L and GV3L
- compensated relays with manual or automatic reset
- with relay trip indicator
- for a.c. or d.c.

Relay setting range (A)	Fuses to be aM (A)	e used with se gG (A)	BS88 (A)	For mounting beneath contactor LC1	Reference
Class 20 (1) with connect	ion by Ever	Link® BTR s	crew connec	ctors (2) and control	by spring terminals
913	20	32	35	D40AD65A	LRD313L3

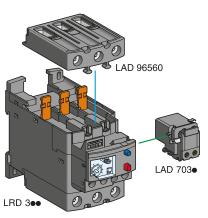
(1) Standard IEC 60947-4-1 specifies a tripping time for 7.2 times the setting current I<sub>R</sub>: class 10: between 4 and 10 seconds, class 10 A: between 2 and 10 seconds, class 20: between 6 and 20 seconds.

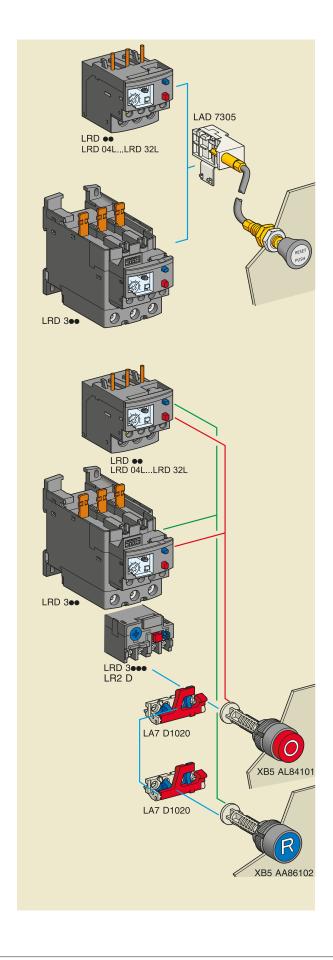
(2) BTR screws: hexagon socket head. In accordance with local electrical wiring regulations, a size 4 insulated Allen key must be used (reference LADALLEN4, see page B8/42).







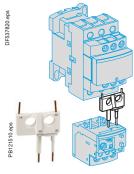




Overload relays

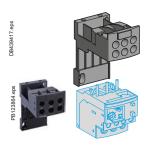
## TeSys Deca accessories for Deca Thermal overload relays

## Product references





Separate components for relay	s		
Description	For use with	Sold in lots of	Unit reference
Pre-wiring kit allowing direct connection	LC1D09D18	10	LAD7C1 (1)
of the N/C contact of relay LRD0135 or LR3D02D35 to the contactor	LC1D25D38	10	LAD7C2 (1)
Terminal block (2)	LRD0135 and LR3D02D35	1	LAD7B106
for clip-on mounting on	LRD05LLRD32L, LR3D05LLR3D32L	. 1	LAD7B205
35 mm rail (AM1DP200) or screw fixing; for fixing centres, see pages B11/35 to B11/37	LRD33••, LR3D33••, LR2D35••, LR3D35••	1	LA7D3064 (3
EverLink® terminal block for independent mounting	LRD3●●, LRD3●●L and LR3D3●●	1	LAD96560
Size 4 Allen key, insulated, 1000 V	LRD3●●, LRD3●●L and LR3D3●●	5	LADALLEN
Terminal block adapter for mounting a relay beneath an LC1D115 or D150 contactor	LRD33, LR3D33, LRD35	1	LA7D3058 (3
Mounting plates (4) for screw fixing on 110 mm centres	LRD0135, LR3D02D35, LRD05L LRD32L, LR3D05LLR3D32L	10	DX1AP25
	LRD3•••, LR3D3•••, LR2D35••	1	LA7D902
Marker holders,	LRD3●●	100	LAD90
snap-in 8 x 18 mm	All relays except LRD0135, LRD05L32L, LR3D05LD32L LR3D02D35, LRD3••, LRD3••L and LR3D3••	100	LA7D903
Bag of 400 blank legends (self-adhesive, 7 x 16 mm)	All relays	1	LA9D91
Remote Stop or electrical reset device (5)	LRD0135, LR3D02D35, LRD05L32L, LR3D05LD32L and LRD313LRD380	1	LAD703● (6)
Remote tripping or electrical reset device (5)	All relays except LRD0135, LR9D0132, LRD05L32L, LR3D05LD32L, LR3D02D35,	1	LA7D03● (6)



I AD7B106

LAD96570

Remote control			
"Reset" function			
Description	For use with	Sold in lots of	Unit reference
3y flexible cable length = 0.5 m)	LRD0135, LR3D02D35, LR3D05LD32L and LRD313LRD380, LRD05LLRD32L	1	LAD7305 <sup>(8)</sup>
	All relays except LRD0135, LR3D02D35, LRD3••, LRD05L32L, LR3D05LD32L, LRD3••L, LR3D3••, LR9D01	1	LA7D305

LR9D01...32, LRD3.., LRD3..L

and LR3D3

LRD3256...3806

LRD3256...3806

LRD3256...3806

LR9D



Block of insulated terminals

for independent mounting

for independent mounting

В

IP 20 cover for lug type terminals

IP 20 cover for lug type terminals

Terminal block for lug type terminals

for mounting with contactor LC1D40A6...D65A6

The terminal protection shroud must be removed and the following 3 products must be ordered

Adapter for door mounting	LRD33●●, LF	R2D	1	LA7D1020
Operating heads	Stop	All relays	1	XB5AL84101
for spring return pushbutton	Reset	All relays	1	XB5AA86102

- (1) These pre-wiring kits cannot be used with reversing contactors.
- (2) Terminal blocks are supplied with terminals protected against direct finger contact and screws in the open, "ready-to-tighten" position.
- (3) To order a terminal block for connection by lugs, the reference becomes LA7D30646.
- (4) Remember to order the terminal block corresponding to the type of relay.
   (5) The time for which the coil of remote tripping or electrical resetting device LA7D03 or LAD703 can remain energised depends on its rest time: 1 s pulse duration with 9 s rest time; 5 s pulse duration with 30 s rest time; 10 s pulse duration with 90 s rest time; maximum pulse duration 20 s with a rest time of 300 s. Minimum pulse time: 200 ms.

(6) Reference to be completed by adding the code indicating the control circuit voltage. Standard control circuit voltages (for other voltages, please consult your Regional Sales Office):

Volts	12	24	48	96	110	220/230	380/400	415/440
50/60 Hz	_	В	Е	_	F	M	Q	N
Consumption, inrush and seale	ed: < 100 VA							
==	J	В	Е	DD	F	M	_	_
Consumption, inrush and seale	ed: < 100 W.							



LAD96575



LAD96570

LA9F103 (7)

LAD96570

LAD96575

LAD96566

<sup>(7)</sup> Only one terminal block can be mounted below LR9D. (8) Not compatible with 3-pole relays fitted with spring terminals.

## Deca Electronic thermal overload relays

## Product references

## Electronic thermal overload relays for Deca contactors

- for use with fuses or magnetic circuit breakers
- compensated relays, with relay trip indicator,
- for a.c.,
- for direct mounting on contactor or independent mounting (1).

Relay setting range		to be used elected relay gG	For direct mounting beneath contactor LC1	Reference
Α	Α	Α		
Classes 5.10.2 connection us			r direct connection on De	eca contactors or
0.10.5			D09D38	LR9D01
0.42			D09D38	LR9D02
1.68			D09D38	LR9D08
6.432			D09D38	LR9D32
Classes 10 or	10 A (1) f	or connectio	n using bars or connecto	ors
60100	100	160	D115D150	LR9D5367
90150	160	250	D115D150	LR9D5369
Classes 20 (1) f	or conn	ection using	bars or connectors	
60100	125	160	D115D150	LR9D5567
90150	200	250	D115D150	LR9D5569

Separate components for relay	/S		
Description	For use with	Sold in lots of	Unit reference
Terminal block (2) For clips-on mounting on 35 mm rails (AM1DP200) or screws fixing;	LR9D01, LR9D02, LR9D08,	1	LAD7B205

## for fixing centres, see pages B11/35 to B11/37 LR9D32

### Electronic overload relays for balanced or unbalanced loads Relay Fuses to be used For direct mounting Reference

setting range	with se	elected relay	beneath contactor L	C1
	аМ	gG		
Α	Α	Α		
Classes 10 o	r 20 <sup>(1)</sup> sel	ectable for	direct connection us	sing bars or connectors
60100	100	160	D115D150	LR9D67
90150	160	250	D115D150	LR9D69

- (1) Standard IEC 60947-4-1 specifies a tripping time for 7.2 times the setting current I<sub>R</sub>: class 5: between 0.5 and 5 seconds
  - class 10: between 4 and 10 seconds class 10 A: between 2 and 10 seconds
  - class 20: between 6 and 20 seconds
- class 30: between 9 and 30 seconds.
- (2) Terminal blocks are supplied with terminals protected against direct finger contact and screws in the open, "ready-to-tighten" position.



LR9D0 and LR9D32



LR9D5567



LAD7B205



LAD7B205 mounted on LR9D01



LR9D67

B11/10

## Intelligent design for greater advantages



Pole pitch aligned with TeSys Giga Contactor

Push-in type control terminals

Wide range of overload setting with trip class & ground fault protection

Motor ON and trip Alarm indicators

Unique QR code providing quick access to complete product data

Relay trip indication

Manual Reset button



1 NO + 1 NC trip contacts with push-in type terminals

Test button

5E...30E trip class selection with ground fault protection option

Manual/auto reset selection with phase imbalance protection option

Setting dial for current Ir

Transparent cover with seal protection

Trip indicator Trip alarm LED indication Motor ON LED indication

Manual reset button

## Giga Electronic overload relays

Description

## Perfect selection for your motor protection

## Range

- A comprehensive range of TeSys Giga Electronic overload relays in 3 sizes
- Direct mounting of relay with contactors saving in panel space and installation time







28...115 A and 57...225 A

125...500 A

160...630 A

## Overload relays

- Advanced electronic monitoring with high accuracy
- Thermal compensation for ambient temperatures up to 60 °C
- Wide range of current settings, 0.25...1 Ir setting
- Direct and separately mountable to manage panel design
- Pole pitch alignment with contactors, enabling direct mounting
- Push-in terminals for quick and easy control wiring options
- 4 references covering the complete range means less inventory
- Manual and auto reset to suit your needs
- Multiple reset options: Manual, Automatic & Remote
- Protection against phase loss
- Selectable protection against imbalanced load
- Selectable protection against ground fault
- ON status and overload alarm signaling by LED
- TRIP indicator

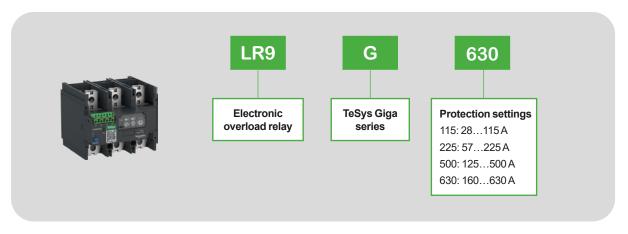
## Certifications

- Multiple standards
- International certifications

## Trip class

• Selectable, from class 5E to class 30E to suit different application needs

## Product references – coding principle



## **TeSys** Protect Giga Electronic overload relays

## Product references



LR9G225



Direct mounting with TeSys Giga Contactor

## **TeSys Giga Electronic overload relays**

- Electronic overload relay
- Suitable for independent mounting or direct mounting with TeSys Giga contactors
- Ergonomic rotary switches for thermal and protection settings
- Trip class selection: 5E/10E/20E/30E
- Overload, phase imbalance, phase loss and ground fault protections
- Manual and auto reset options
- LED indicator for Motor ON and pre-trip alarm
- Thermal memory and compensation
- Push-in terminals for control connections

Relay setting range	Fuses to be us	sed with selected	For direct mounting beneath contactor LC1G	Reference	
	aM /gG/aR	kA	_		
A	Α				
Class 5E30E					
28115	125 aM	100	LC1G115225	LR9G115	
57225	250 aM	100	LC1G115225	LR9G225	
125500	630 aM	100	LC1G265500	LR9G500	
	630 gG	80			
	630 aR	25			
160630	800 aR	100	LC1G630	LR9G630	
	800 aR	80	<del></del>		
	800 aR	25	<del></del>		



LA9G3650



LA9G82



LA9G3704

## Overload relay accessories

Overload relay decessories	
Mounting and wiring accessories	
Description	Reference
Mounting base for alignment of LR9G115-225 with LC1G115-225 (2)	LA9G3650
Mounting base for alignment of LR9G500 with LC1G265-330 (2)	LA9G3651
Mounting base for alignment of LR9G500 with LC1G400-500 (2)	LA9G3652
Mounting base for alignment of LR9G630 with LC1G630-800 (2)	LA9G3653
Push-in connection adapter	LA9G82

Front protection cover					
Description	Compatible with contactors	Quantity	Reference		
Front protection cover (3)	LR9G115 / LR9G225	1	LA9G3704		
	LR9G500	1	LA9G3705		
	LR9G630	1	LA9G3706		

- (2) Used for independent mounting of Overload Relay beneath contactor to align main power pole connections.
  (3) Used to cover main power connection terminals between contactor and overload with direct mounting option.

## **TeSys** Protect Giga Electronic overload relays

## Product references



Remote Reset control device		
Description	Quantity	Reference
Remote electrical reset device (1)	1	LAD703● <sup>(2)</sup>
Remote Reset function control by flexible cable (length = 0.5 m)	1	LAD7305

(1) The time for which the coil of remote electrical reset device LAD703• can remain energised depends on its rest time: 1 s pulse duration with 9 s rest time; 5 s pulse duration with 30 s rest time; 10 s pulse duration with 90 s rest time. Maximum pulse duration of 20 s with rest time of 300 s. Minimum pulse time: 200 ms.

(2) Reference to be completed by adding the coil voltage code.

sda	/		1
PB121732.eps		-6	/
		200	

LAD7305

Standard control circuit voltages			
Volts	24	110	220/230
$\sim$ 50/60 Hz	В	F	M
Consumption, inrush and sealed: < 100 VA			
==	В	F	M
Consumption, inrush and sealed: < 100 W.			







Schneider Electric

## **TeSys** Protect RM1XA magnetic over current relays

## Product references



Singi	e-pole, no	n-latching, ov	er current re	iays
With 1	C/O contact	block		
	manded ng range ln)	Setting range (trip current)	Maximum continuous current ∼ or	Reference
Α		Α	Α	
~ or ==	0.71.15	1.254	1.6	RM1XA001
	34.6	516	6.3	RM1XA006
	7.311.5	12.540	16	RM1XA016
	18.129	32100	40	RM1XA040
	46.172	80250	100	RM1XA100
	73115	125400	160	RM1XA160
	146230	250800	315	RM1XA315
	231360	4001250	500	RM1XA500







## **TeSys** Protect RM1X magnetic over current relays

## Product references



RM1XA3151



ER1XA2M



mounted on RM1XA3151

Sing	le-pole, late	ching, manual	reset, over o	current relays
With	1 C/O contact I	olock		
	nmanded ing range r In)	Setting range (trip current)	Maximum continuous current  ∼ or	Reference
			o 01	
Α		A	Α	

Accessories (to be ordered separately)	
Description	Reference
Electrical reset <sup>(1)</sup> (consumption: inrush, sealed: 500 VA, 220 V 50 Hz coil) (fitted to the relay together with a latching contact block)	ER1XA2M

(1) The impulse duration must not exceed 2 seconds within 10 minute intervals.







## **TeSys** Protect LT3 Thermal protection units

## Product references



LT3SE00M



LT3SA00M



## **Protection units**

- to be used with PTC thermistor probes
- with thermistor short-circuit detection
- The contact changes state when a rapid rise in temperature above the nominal probe rating is detected.

With automatic	reset			
Connection	Voltage		Output contact	Reference
Cage connectors	$\sim$ 50/60 Hz	115 V	N/C	LT3SE00F
		230 V	N/C	LT3SE00M
	==	24 V	N/C	LT3SE00BD

Units with auto	matic reset an	d front sign	alling by Li	ED's (Power-Fault)
Connection	Voltage		Output contact	Reference
Cage connectors	$\sim$ 50/60 Hz	115/230 V	N/C + N/O	LT3SA00M
	===	24/48 V	N/C + N/O	LT3SA00ED
	∼ 50/60 Hz or	24230 V	2 C/O	LT3SA00MW

Manual reset, on front: Test/Reset pushbutton Power + Fault LED's				
Connection	Voltage		Output contact	Reference
Cage connectors	$\sim$ 50/60 Hz	400 V	N/C + N/O	LT3SM00V
		24/48 V	N/C + N/O	LT3SM00E
		115/230 V	N/C + N/O	LT3SM00M

=	24/48 V	N/C + N/O	LT3SM00ED
~ 50/60 Hz or <del></del>	24230 V	2 C/O	LT3SM00MW

## **TeSys** Protect PTC<sup>(1)</sup> thermistor probes for LT3 thermal protection units

## Product references









DA1TS...

*DA1TT*•••

Probe to be screwed on equipment casing

PTC therm	istor probes			
Description	Nominal Operating Temperature (NOT)	Colour	Sold in lots of	Unit reference
	°C			
Integrated triple probes	90	Green/green	10	DA1TT090
	110	Brown/brown	10	DA1TT110
	120	Grey/grey	10	DA1TT120
	130	Blue/blue	10	DA1TT130
	140	White/blue	10	DA1TT140
	150	Black/black	10	DA1TT150
	160	Blue/red	10	DA1TT160
	170	White/green	10	DA1TT170
Surface probes	60	White/grey	10	DA1TS060
	70	White/brown	10	DA1TS070
	80	White/white	10	DA1TS080
	90	Green/green	10	DA1TS090
	100	Red/red	10	DA1TS100

Accessorie	es (to be ordered separately)		
Mounting acc	essories		
Description	Applicationi	Sold in lots of	Unit reference
Adapter	For fixing on ∟ rail DZ5 MB	10	RHZ66
Marking acce	ssories		
Clip-in markers (maximum of 5 per unit)	Strips of 10 identical numbers (0 to 9)	25	<b>AB1R</b> ● <sup>(2)</sup>
	Strips of 10 identical capital letters (A to Z)	25	<b>AB1G</b> ● <sup>(2)</sup>

<sup>(1)</sup> PTC: Positive Temperature Coefficient.
(2) When ordering, replace the • in the reference with the number or letter required.

## LR97, LT47 Electronic over current relays

## Product references



LR97D07●●



LT4730•••

LR97D	electronic	c over current	relays	
Relay setting range	Usable range	For use with contactor	Relay supply voltage	Reference (3)
Α	Α			
0.31.5	0.31.3	LC1 D09D38	$\sim$ 200240 V	LR97D015M7
			$\sim$ 100120 V	LR97D015F7
			/∼ 24 V	LR97D015B
			/∼ 48 V	LR97D015E
1.27	1.26	LC1 D09D38	$\sim$ 200240 V	LR97D07M7
			$\sim$ 100120 V	LR97D07F7
			/∼ 24 V	LR97D07B
			/∼ 48 V	LR97D07E
525	521	LC1 D09D38	$\sim$ 200240 V	LR97D25M7
			~ 100120 V	LR97D25F7
			/∼ 24 V	LR97D25B
			/∼ 48 V	LR97D25E
2038	2034	LC1 D25D38	∼ 200240 V	LR97D38M7
			~ 100120 V	LR97D38F7
			/∼ 24 V	LR97D38B
			/~ 48 V	LR97D38E

Relay setting range	Usable range	Relay supply voltage	Reference
Α	Α		
LT47 rel	ay with manu	ual/electric reset	
0.56	0.55	$\sim$ 200240 V	LT4706M7S
		∼ 100…120 V	LT4706F7S
		/∼ 24 V	LT4706BS
330	325	∼ 200…240 V	LT4730M7S
		∼ 100…120 V	LT4730F7S
		/∼ 24 V	LT4730BS
560	550	∼ 200…240 V	LT4760M7S
		∼ 100…120 V	LT4760F7S
		/∼ 24 V	LT4760BS
		/∼48 V	LT4760ES
LT47 rel	ay with autor	matic reset	
0.56	0.55	∼ 200…240 V	LT4706M7A
		/∼ 24 V	LT4706BA
330	325	∼ 200…240 V	LT4730M7A
		~ 100120 V	LT4730F7A
		/∼ 24 V	LT4730BA
		/∼ 48 V	LT4730EA
560	550	∼200240 V	LT4760M7A
		/∼ 24 V	LT4760BA

Accessories (to be or	dered separately	<i>(</i> )	
Description	For use with	Sold in lots of	Unit reference
Pre-wiring kits allowing connection of the LR97D relay N/C contact directly to the contactor	LC1 D09D18 LC1 D25D38	10	LAD7C1 LAD7C2
Terminal block for clip-on mounting on 35 mm rail (AM1 DP200)	LR97D	1	LAD7B106

- (1) To allow adjustment of the tripping sensitivity, see adjustment method (page B11/56).
  (2) Please see chapter B8.
  (3) If a pre-wiring kit is used, it is no longer possible to electrically wire signalling of tripped status.





## **TeSys** Protect Thermal and electronic overload relays

Product references

DA1TT090	LR3D03	LR7K0306	LRD08L	LRD3359
DA1TT110	LR3D04	LR7K0308	LRD08L6	LRD3359A66
DA1TT120	LR3D046	LR7K0310	LRD10	LRD3361
DA1TT130	LR3D05	LR7K0312	LRD103	LRD3363
DA1TT140	LR3D056	LR7K0314	LRD106	LRD3365
DA1TT150	LR3D06	LR7K0316	LRD10L	LRD33656
DA1TT160	LR3D066	LR97D015B	LRD10L6	LRD33676
DA1TT170	LR3D07	LR97D015E	LRD12	LRD33696
DPER01	LR3D076	LR97D015F7	LRD123	LRD340
DPER21	LR3D07L	LR97D015M7	LRD126	LRD3406
DPER32	LR3D08	LR97D07B	LRD12L	LRD340L
DPER35	LR3D086	LR97D07E	LRD14	LRD340L6
ER1XA2M	LR3D08L	LR97D07F7	LRD143	LRD35
LA7D03B	LR3D10	LR97D07M7	LRD146	LRD350
LA7D03F	LR3D106	LR97D25B	LRD14L	LRD3503
LA7D03M	LR3D10L	LR97D25E	LRD1508	LRD3506
LA7D03Q	LR3D12	LR97D25F7	LRD1510	LRD350L
LA7D1020	LR3D126	LR97D25M7	LRD1512	LRD356
LA7D1064	LR3D12L	LR97D38B	LRD1512	LRD365
LA7D305	LR3D14	LR97D38E	LRD1516	LRD3653
LA7D3058	LR3D14 LR3D146	LR97D38F7	LRD1510	LRD3656
LA7D3064	LR3D146 LR3D14L	LR97D38M7	LRD1521	LRD365L
LA7D30646	LR3D14L		LRD1522 LRD1530	LRD365L6
		LR9D5367		
LA7D903	LR3D166	LR9D5369	LRD1532	LRD380
LA7K0064	LR3D16L	LR9D5567	LRD16	LRD3803
LA9D730	LR3D21	LR9D5569	LRD163	LRD3806
LA9D91	LR3D216	LR9D67	LRD166	LRD4365
LAD703B	LR3D21L	LR9D69	LRD16L	LRD4367
LAD703E	LR3D22	LR9G115	LRD16L6	LRD4369
LAD703F	LR3D226	LR9G225	LRD21	LRD488C
LAD703M	LR3D22L	LR9G500	LRD213	LT4706BA
LAD703Q	LR3D313	LR9G630	LRD216	LT4706BS
LAD7305	LR3D318	LA9G3650	LRD21L	LT4706F7S
LAD7B105	LR3D32	LA9G3651	LRD21L6	LT4706M7A
LAD7B1056	LR3D325	LA9G3652	LRD22	LT4706M7S
LAD7B106	LR3D326	LA9G3653	LRD223	LT4730BA
LAD7B205	LR3D32L	LA9G82	LRD226	LT4730BS
LAD7C1	LR3D332	LA9G3704	LRD22L	LT4730EA
LAD7C2	LR3D3322	LA9G3705	LRD22L6	LT4730F7A
LR2D3522	LR3D3353	LA9G3706	LRD313	LT4730F7S
LR2D3553	LR3D3355	LRD01	LRD313L	LT4730M7A
LR2D3555	LR3D3363	LRD02	LRD318	LT4730M7S
LR2D3557	LR3D3365	LRD03	LRD318L	LT4760BA
LR2D3559	LR3D340	LRD04	LRD32	LT4760BS
LR2D3561	LR3D35	LRD046	LRD325	LT4760ES
LR2D3563	LR3D350	LRD04L6	LRD3256	LT4760F7S
LR2K0301	LR3D3522	LRD05	LRD325L	LT4760M7A
LR2K0302	LR3D3553	LRD056	LRD326	LT4760M7S
LR2K0303	LR3D3555	LRD05L	LRD32L	RM1XA001
LR2K0304	LR3D3557	LRD06	LRD32L6	RM1XA006
LR2K0305	LR3D3559	LRD063	LRD3312	RM1XA016
LR2K0306	LR3D3561	LRD066	LRD3314	RM1XA040
LR2K0307	LR3D3563	LRD06L	LRD332	RM1XA100
LR2K0308	LR3D365	LRD07	LRD3322	RM1XA160
LR2K0310	LR3D380	LRD073	LRD3323	RM1XA315
LR2K0312	LR3D3803	LRD076	LRD332L	RM1XA3151
LR2K0314	LR3D3806	LRD07L	LRD3353	RM1XA500
LR2K0316	LR3D4365	LRD07L6	LRD3353A66	
LR2K0321	LR3D4367	LRD08	LRD3355	
LR2K0321	LR3D4369	LRD083	LRD3357	
LR3D02	LR7K0305	LRD086	LRD3357A66	
-1.0002	-11/11/0000	-1.0000		

This document is current. Click on the product reference to get the most recent availability status (hyperlink to **se.com** product datasheet). If your product variant is no longer available, please consult your distributor or regional sales office.

# Technical Data for Designers

Contents
Motor and machine protectionB11/22 to B11/27
TeSys LRK - thermal overload protection:  > characteristics
Deca - thermal overload protection:
> characteristics
Deca - electronic thermal overload protection:
> characteristics
Giga - electronic overload relays:
> characteristicsB11/44 to B11/46 > dimensions and diagramB11/47
RM1 - single pole magnetic over current relays:
> characteristics
LT3 - thermistor protection unit:
> characteristics
LR97, LT47 - electronic over current relays:  > characteristics

## Motor and machine protection

## Introduction

Exceeding the operating limits of an electric motor will lead, eventually, not only to destruction of the motor itself but also of the mechanisms it drives.

This type of load can be the cause of electrical or mechanical faults.

- Electrical faults:
- □ overvoltage, voltage drop, imbalance and phase failure which cause variations in the current drawn,
- □ short-circuits which can cause the current to reach levels capable of destroying the load
- Mechanical faults:
- □ locked rotor,
- □ brief or prolonged overload which leads to an increase in the current drawn by the motor, and therefore overheating.

The cost of these faults must take into account loss of production, loss of raw materials, repair of the production tool, poor quality of production and delays in delivery.

These faults can also have dramatic consequences on the safety of persons in direct or indirect contact with the motor.

To prevent these faults, protection measures are necessary. They make it possible to isolate the equipment to be protected from the mains supply by measuring variations in electrical values (voltage, current, etc.).

## Each motor starter must therefore have:

- short-circuit protection, to detect and break, as quickly as possible, abnormal currents generally greater than 10 times the rated current (In).
- overload protection, to detect increases in current up to about 10 In and switch off the starter before overheating of the motor and conductors damages the insulation.

This protection is provided by specific devices such as fuses, circuit breakers and thermal overload relays, or by more integrated devices offering several types of protection.

Motor and machine protection

## Causes, effects and consequences of various faults

There are two types of fault:

- Internal faults within the motor
- External faults: these are located outside the electric motor but their consequences can lead to damage inside the motor.

Faults	Causes	Effects	Consequences on the motor and on the machine				
Short-circuit	Contact between several phases, or between one phase and neutral or between several turns of the same phase.	■ Current peak ■ Electrodynamic forces on the conductors	Destruction of windings				
Overvoltage	<ul><li>Lightning</li><li>Electrostatic discharge</li><li>Operation</li></ul>	Dielectric breakdown in the windings	Destruction of the windings due to loss of insulation				
Phase imbalance and phase failure	■ Opening of a phase ■ Single-phase load upstream of the motor ■ Short-circuit between the turns of the same winding	<ul> <li>Reduction of usable torque, efficiency and speed</li> <li>Increase in losses</li> <li>Starting impossible if phase failure</li> </ul>	Overheating (1)				
High starting frequency	■ Failure of the automation system ■ Too many manual control operations ■ Numerous fault trips	High stator and rotor temperature rise due to the frequent start current	Overheating (1) Consequences on the process				
Voltage variations	■ Instability of the mains voltage ■ Connection of heavy loads	■ Reduction of usable torque ■ Increase in losses	Overheating (1)				
Harmonics	■ Pollution of the mains supply by variable speed drives, inverters, etc	■ Reduction of usable torque ■ Increase in losses	Overheating (1)				
ong		Increase in starting time	Overheating (1)				
Jamming	■ Mechanical problem (crusher) ■ Seizures	Overcurrent	Overheating <sup>(1)</sup> Consequences on the process				
No-load running	■ Pump running empty ■ Mechanical break in drive to the load	Drop in current drawn	Consequences on the process				
Frequency fluctuations	<ul> <li>Overload of a supply powered by limited independent sources</li> <li>Faulty alternator speed regulator</li> </ul>	■ Increase in losses ■ Interferes with synchronous devices (clock, recorder,)	_				
Overload	■ Increase in resistive torque ■ Voltage drop ■ Drop in power factor	Increase in current consumption	Overheating (1)				
Loss of machine excitation	■ Significant drop in excitation current ■ Break in rotor winding	■ Increase in active power ■ Drop in power factor	Significant overheating of rotor and cage				
Phase-Earth fault	■ Accidental Phase-Earth contacts ■ Accidental Phase-machine casing contacts (casing connected to earth)	■ Overvoltage developed in the mains supply ■ Rise in earth potential (safety of persons)	Consequences on safety of persons				

<sup>(1)</sup> Then, in the longer or shorter term, depending on the seriousness of the fault and/or its frequency, short-circuit and destruction of the windings.

## Motor and machine protection

## **Protection functions**

## **Short-circuit protection**

### General

A short-circuit results in a very rapid rise in current which can reach several hundred times the value of the operational current. The consequences of a shortcircuit are dangerous to both equipment and persons. It is therefore imperative to use protection devices to detect the fault and very quickly break the circuit.

Two types of protection are commonly used:

- fuses (cutout) which break the circuit by melting, which then requires their replacement,
- magnetic trip circuit breakers, often more simply called "magnetic circuit breakers", which only require re-setting to put them back into service. Short-circuit protection can also be built-into multifunction devices such as motor circuit breakers and contactor-breakers.

The main characteristics of short-circuit protection devices are:

- their breaking capacity: this is the highest prospective short-circuit current value that a protection device can break at a given voltage.
- their making capacity: this is the highest current value that the protection device can make at its rated voltage in specified conditions.

The making capacity is equal to k times the breaking capacity.



Fuse carrier Ref. LS1D32



Switch disconnectors Ref. GS2N3

## Fuses (cutouts)

Fuses provide individual phase protection (single-pole), with a high breaking capacity in a compact size:

- mounted either in fuse carriers,
- or in isolators, replacing the original links or shunt bars.

For motor protection, aM type fuses are used. Their design characteristics allow them to conduct the high magnetising currents that occur when motors are switched on. They are therefore unsuitable for overload protection (unlike gG type fuses). This is why an overload relay must be included in the motor power supply circuit.



Deca Magnetic circuit breaker Ref. GV2L



Deca Magnetic circuit breaker Ref. GV4LE

## Magnetic circuit breakers

These circuit breakers protect installations against short-circuits, within the limit of their breaking capacity.

Magnetic circuit breakers provide omnipole breaking as standard.

For relatively low short-circuit currents, the operation of a circuit breaker is faster than that of fuses.

This protection conforms to standard IEC 60947-2.

The thermal and electrodymanic effects are also limited, therefore ensuring better protection of cables and equipment.

## Overload relays

## **TeSys** Protect Overload relays

## Motor and machine protection



Deca Thermal overload relay Ref. LRD08



Current measurement relay Ref. RM4JA

## **Protection functions**

## **Overload protection**

### General

An overload condition is the most frequently encountered fault. The symptoms are a rise in the current drawn by the motor and thermal effects. A rapid return to normal operating conditions is important.

The actual operating conditions (ambient temperature, operating altitude and type of standard duty) are essential to determine the operating values of the motor (power, current) and to be able to select effective overload protection. These operational values are given by the motor manufacturer.

According to the level required, protection can be provided by:

- overload relays and thermal overload relays (bi-metallic or electronic type) which protect motors in the event of:
- □ overload, by monitoring the current drawn by each phase,
- □ phase imbalance or failure, by their differential mechanism.
- relays with PTC thermistor probes (Positive Temperature Coefficient).
- overtorque relays,
- multifunction relays.

## Overload relays

These relays protect motors against overload. They must allow the temporary overload that occurs on starting and must only trip if the starting time is abnormally long.

The overload relay will be selected according to the length of the starting time (tripping class) and the motor rating.

These relays have a thermal memory (except for certain electronic overload relays, indicated by their manufacturers) and can be connected:

- either in series with the load,
- or to current transformers placed in series with the load.

## Bi-metallic thermal overload relays

Combined with a contactor, these relays protect the line and the equipment against small and prolonged overloads. They must be protected against strong overcurrent by a circuit breaker or fuses.

These relays may be used on an a.c. or d.c. system and are generally:

- 3-pole,
- compensated, i.e. insensitive to ambient temperature variations,
- with manual or automatic reset,
- graduated with a "motor FLC" scale: allowing direct setting to the full load current as shown on the motor rating plate.

They can also be sensitive to phase failure: this is known as 'differential'. This function conforms to standards IEC 60947-4-1 and 60947-6-2.

This type of relay is extremely reliable and is a relatively low cost device.

## Electronic thermal overload relays

Electronic thermal overload relays have the advantage of electronics which allow a more complex thermal image of the motor to be created.

They can be combined with products having complementary functions, such as:

- temperature sensing via PTC probes,
- protection against jamming and overtorque,
- protection against phase reversal,
- earth fault protection,
- protection against no-load running,
- alarm function.

## Motor and machine protection



Relays for use with thermistor probes Ref. LT3S



Instantaneous electronic overcurrent relays Ref. LR97D07



Ultra starter Ref. LUB320 with multifunction control unit Ref. LUCM



Ultra controller Ref. LUTM20BL



T controller Ref. LTMR08MBD

## Protection functions (continued)

### Overload protection (continued)

## Relays for use with PTC thermistor probes

With direct sensing of the stator windings, these relays can be used to protect motors against:

- overload,
- a rise in ambient temperature,
- a ventilation circuit fault,
- a high starting frequency,
- mechanical shocks, etc.

## Overload (or overtorque) relays

These relays protect the drive line in the event of a locked rotor, seizure or mechanical shocks. This is an additional protection.

Unlike thermal overload relays, these relays do not have a thermal memory. They have definite time characteristics (adjustable current threshold and time delay). The overtorque relay can be used as overload protection for motors with long starting times or very frequent starting (for example, lifting hoists).

## Multifunction relays

■ Overcurrent relays are limited when it is necessary to take into account problems associated with voltage, temperature or special applications. New production or maintenance management needs have prompted manufacturers to offer products which provide not only adaptable protection, but also complete management of the motor and its load.

They incorporate:

- current and voltage sensors (T controllers),
- hybrid analog and digital electronic technology,
- the use of communication buses for data exchange and control,
- powerful motor modelling algorithms,
- integrated application programs whose parameters can be set.

These products make it possible to reduce installation and operating costs by reducing maintenance and downtime.

## Ultra starters:

The multifunction relay is incorporated in the motor starter.

This solution is very compact with reduced wiring. It is limited to 32 A.

The multifunction relay is separate from the power line and reuses the function blocks from the Ultra solution. It can be used in conjunction with a contactor up to 810 A.

## T controllers:

The multifunction relay is separate from the power line and incorporates inputs and outputs. It can be used in conjunction with a contactor up to 810 A.

## Overload relays

## **TeSys** Protect Overload relays

## Motor and machine protection

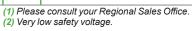
Protection relay s	Motor prote		Machine protection	Motor and r	nachine
Relay type	Thermal overload relay Ref. LR2K, LRD, LRD3, LR9D (1), LR9G	Relays for use with PTC probes Ref. LT3S	Overtorque relays Ref. LR97D, LT47	Ultra controller Ref. LUTM	T controller Ref. LTMR
Causes of overheating	(2)		(2)	(2)	(3)
Slight overload					
Locked rotor					
No-load running					
Supply phase failure			LR97D		
Ventilation fault					With probes
Abnormal temperature rise					With probes
Shaft bearing seizure					With probes
Insulation fault					
Protracted starting time					
Severe duty					With probes
Voltage variation					
Frequency fluctuations					
Loss of machine excitation					
	Ideally s	suited			
	Possible	solution			
	Not suit	able (no prote	ection)		

<sup>(1)</sup> For motor circuit breaker ref. **GV2ME**. (2) Protection based on current. (3) Protection based on current and voltage.

## **TeSys** Protect LRK Thermal overload relay

## Characteristics

Environment											
Conforming to standards						7-5-1, UL 6094 5-1, GB/T1404		SA C22.2 n° 6	0947-4-1, UL		
Product certifications			UL, CSA, C	CCC, EAC, C	B, UKCA	certification					
Degree of protection	Conforming to IEC 60529		Protection	against direc	t finger co	ntact					
Ambient air temperature	Storage	°C	-40+70								
around the device	For normal operation (IEC 60947)	°C	-20+55 (v	without derati	ng)						
	Operating limit	°C	-30+60 (v	with derating)	(1)						
Maximum operating altitude	Without derating	m	2000								
Operating positions			Vertical ax	ris				Horizontal a	ixis		
		DF535726 ers	900				DF535727.eps	90	<b>)</b> 0°		
			Without de	rating				With derating	g <sup>(1)</sup>		
Flame resistance	Conforming to 60695-2-11	°C	850								
Shock resistance, hot state (1/2 sine wave, 11 ms)	Conforming to IEC 60068-2-27, N/C contact		10 gn								
	Conforming to IEC 60068-2-27, N/O contact		10 gn								
Vibration resistance, hot state	Conforming to IEC 60068-2-6, N/C contact		2 gn								
5 to 300 Hz	Conforming to IEC 60068-2-6, N/O contact		2 gn			Maximum         Maximum to IEC 60947           2 x 4         1 x 4 + 1 x 2.5           2 x 4         2 x 2.5           1 x 1.5 + 1 x 2.5         1 x 1.5 + 1 x 2.5					
Cabling			Minimum		Max	imum		Maximum to	IEC 60947		
Screw clamp terminals	Solid cable	mm²	1 x 1.5		2 x 4			1 x 4 + 1 x 2.	5		
	Flexible cable without cable end	mm²	1 x 0.75		2 x 4			2 x 2.5			
	Flexible cable with cable end	mm²	1 x 0.34		1 x 1	.5 + 1 x 2.5		1 x 1.5 + 1 x	2.5		
Tightening torque	Philips head n° 2 - Ø6	N.m	0.8								
Mounting			Directly und	der the conta	ctor or rev	ersing contact	tor				
Connections			■ contact ■ contact 3 P + N/O. When using	for terminal A for terminal 1 g 3 P + N/C, o	2 connect 4 connect or 4 P con	ed under the co ted to overload ed to overload tactors, or the tage, break off	relay ten relay ten N/O auxil	minal 96 on al minal 95 on pr liary contact m	roducts with		
<b>Auxiliary contact</b>	characteristics										
Number of contacts			1 N/C + 1 N	I/O							
Conventional thermal curren	t	A	6								
Short-circuit protection	Conforming to IEC 60947 gG fuse or circuit breaker GB2CB	A	6 max.								
Maximum power	a.c.	٧	24	48	110	220/230	400	415/440	0 600/690		
of the controlled contactor co		VA	100	200	400	600	600	600	600		
(sealed) (Occasional operatic cycles of contact 95-96)	ng d.c.	٧	24	48	110	220	250	_			
5, 5.00 or correct 50-00)		W	100	100	50	45	35	-			
Maximum operational	a.c., category AC-15	٧	690	*			1				
voltage	d.c., category DC-13	V	250								





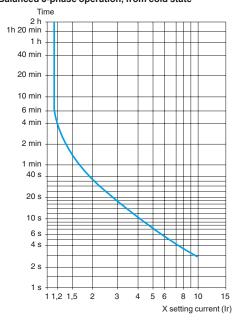
## Characteristics

Electrical chara	acteristics of the power circ	uit						
Rated operational voltage (Ue)	Up to	V	690					
Rated insulation	Conforming to IEC 60947	٧	690					
voltage (Ui)	Conforming to UL 60947-4-1, CSA C22.2 n° 60947-4-1	V	600					
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)	1	kV	6					
Frequency limits of the o	perational current	Hz	Up to 400					
Power dissipated per po	le	W	2					
Operating char	acteristics							
Tripping threshold	Conforming to IEC 60947-4-1	Α	1.14 ±0.06 lr					
Sensitivity to phase failure	Conforming to IEC 60947		Yes					
Reset	Manual or automatic		Selected by means of a lockable and sealable switch on the front of the relay					
Signalling	On front of relay		Trip indicator					
Reset-Stop function			Pressing the Reset-Stop button: - actuates the N/C contact - has no effect on the N/O contact					
Test function	By pushbutton		Pressing the Test button enables: - checking of the control circuit wiring - simulation of overload tripping (actuation of both N/C and N/O contacts, and of the trip indicator)					
Short-circuit protection a	and coordination		See pages A5/12 and A5/30					

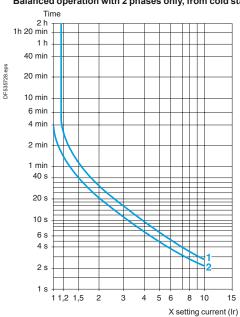
### **Tripping curves**

Average operating time related to multiples of the current setting (Class 10 A)

## Balanced 3-phase operation, from cold state



## Balanced operation with 2 phases only, from cold state



Setting: at lower end of scale

Setting: at upper end of scale

Overload relays

References:	Dimensions:	Schemes:
pages B11/2 and B11/3	page B11/30	page B11/30

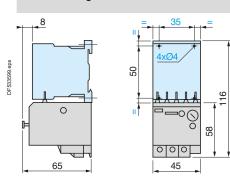
## LRK Thermal overload relays

Dimensions, mounting, schemes

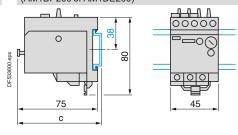
## Dimensions, mounting

### LR2K

Direct mounting beneath the contactor



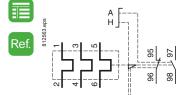
Separate mounting with terminal block LA7 K0064 on 35 mm  $\leadsto$  rail (AM1DP200 or AM1DE200)



AM1	С	
DP200	78.5	
DE200	86	

## Schemes

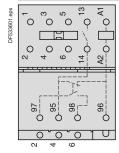
## LR2K

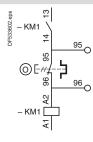


Test



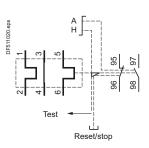
## Pre-wiring scheme



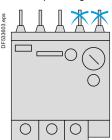


## LR7K





Reset/stop



## Overload relays

## **TeSys** Protect Deca Thermal overload relays

## Characteristics



Ref. LRD08



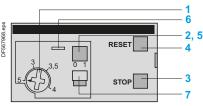
Ref. LRD05L...32L



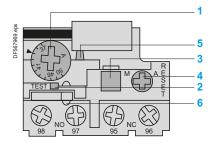
★ EverLink®



Ref. LRD33 ••



Ref. LRD01...35, LRD05L...32L LRD313...LRD365



Ref. LRD3361...4369, LR2 D3561...3563

## Introduction

3-pole Deca thermal overload relays are designed to protect a.c. circuits and motors against:

- overloads
- phase failure
- excessively long starting times
- prolonged stalled rotor condition.

### Power connection

### Product references LRD01 to LRD35

LRD01 to 35 relays are designed for connection by screw clamp terminals. They can be supplied for connection by spring terminals or by lugs (1).

## Product references LRD04 to LRD32L

These relays are designed for connection by screw clamp terminals. They can be supplied for connection by lugs (1).

### Product references LRD313 to LRD380

These relays are for connection by BTR screw connectors (hexagon socket head). The screws are tightened by means of a size 4, insulated Allen key.

This type of connection uses the EverLink® system with creep compensation (2) (Schneider Electric patent).

This technique makes it possible to achieve accurate and durable tightening

These relays are also available for connection by lugs <sup>(1)</sup>. Product references LRD3361 to 4369, LR2D3561 to D3563

Product references LRD3361 to 4369 and LR2D3561 to D3563 relays are designed for connection by screw clamp terminals. They can be supplied for connection by lugs (1).







## Description

Deca 3-pole thermal overload relays are designed to protect a.c. circuits and motors against overloads, phase failure, long starting times and prolonged stalling of the motor.

- Adjustment dial Ir.
- Test button.
  - Operation of the Test button allows:
  - checking of control circuit wiring,
  - simulation of relay tripping (actuates both the N/O and N/C contacts).
- Stop button. Actuates the N/C contact; does not affect the N/O contact.
- Reset button.
- 5 Trip indicator.
- Setting locked by sealing the cover.
- Selector for manual or automatic reset.

Product references LRD01 to 35, LRD05L to 32L and LRD313 to LRD380 relays are supplied with the selector in the manual position, protected by a cover. Deliberate action is required to move it to the automatic position.

- (1) Connection by lugs meets the requirements of certain Asian markets and is suitable for applications subject to strong vibration, such as railway transport.
- (2) Creep: normal crushing phenomenon of copper conductors, that is accentuated over time.

References: pages B11/4 to B11/7

Dimensions, mounting pages B11/35 to B11/37

Schemes page B11/37

## Deca Thermal overload relays

## Characteristics

Environment			
Conforming to standards			IEC/EN 60947-4-1, IEC/EN 60947-5-1, UL 60947-4-1, CSA C22.2 n° 60947-4-1 UL 60947-5-1, CSA C22.2 n° 60947-5-1, EN 50495 <sup>(1)</sup> , GB/T 14048.4, GB/T 14048.5
Product certifications			UL <sup>(2)</sup> , CSA <sup>(2)</sup> , UKCA IEC, CCC <sup>(3)</sup> , EAC, ATEX <sup>(1)</sup> ABS, BV <sup>(4)</sup> , DNV-GL <sup>(5)</sup> , LRoS <sup>(6)</sup> , RINA <sup>(7)</sup> , RMRS <sup>(8)</sup> , EU RO Mutual recognition <sup>(9)</sup>
Degree of protection (front face)	Conforming to IEC 60529		Protection against direct finger contact IP20
Climatic withstand			Conforming to IACS E10
Ambient air temperature	Storage	°C	-60+70
around the device	Normal operation, without derating (IEC 60947-4-1)	°C	-20+60
	Minimum /maximum operating temperatures (with derating)	°C	-20+70
Operating positions without derating	In relation to normal vertical mounting plane		Any position. When mounting on a vertical rail, use a stop.
Flame resistance	Conforming to 60695-2-11	°C	850
Shock resistance	Permissible acceleration conforming to IEC 60068-2-27		15 gn - 11 ms
Vibration resistance (10)	Permissible acceleration conforming to IEC 60068-2-6		6 gn except LRD05LLRD32L: 3 gn
Dielectric strength at 50 Hz	Conforming to IEC 60947-1	kV	1.89 (product Ui 690 V), 2.2 (product Ui 1000 V)
Impulse withstand voltage	Conforming to IEC 60947-1	kV	6







Dielectric strength at 50 Hz	Comorning to IEC 00947-1	NV	1.69 (product of 690 v), 2.2 (product of 1000 v)									
Impulse withstand voltage	Conforming to IEC 60947-1	kV	6									
<b>Electrical character</b>	istics of power circuit											
Relay type			LRD01 16, LR3D02 16	LRD05L 32L	LRD21 35, LR3D21 35	LRD313 365 LR3D 31338	LRD313L 365L	LRD3322 33696 LR3D3322 33696	LR2D 3522 3563	LRD 4365 4369		
Tripping class	Conforming to UL 60947-4-1, IEC 60947-4-1		10 A	20	10 A	10 A	20	10 A	20	10 A		
Rated insulation voltage (Ui)	Conforming to IEC 60947-4-1	V	690					1000 (11)				
	Conforming to UL, CSA				600 6							
Rated impulse withstand voltage	kV	6										
Rated operational voltage (Ue)	)	V	690									
Frequency limits	Of the operating current	Hz	0400									
Setting range	Depending on model	Α	0.113	0.6332	1238	980	965	17140	1780	80140		
<b>Auxiliary contact ch</b>	naracteristics											
Conventional thermal current		Α	5									
Max. sealed consumption	a.c. supply, AC-15	V	120	240	38	30	480	500	600			
of the operating coils of controlled contactors		Α	3	1.5	0.	95	0.75	0.72	0.12	2		
(Occasional operating	d.c. supply, DC-13	V	125	250	44	10						
cycles of contact 95-96)		Α	0.22	0.1	0.	06						
Protection against short-circuits	By gG, BS fuses. Maximum rating or by GB2	Α	4									

- (1) For relays LRD01 to LRD380, LRD3322 to LRD3365, LRD04L to LRD32L, LRD4365 to LRD4369, LRD33656 to LRD33696.
- (2) Except for relays LRD4369.
- (2) Except for relays LRD/LR3D04L to LRD/LR3D32L, LR2D3522 to LR2D3563.
  (3) CCC: Except for LRD/LR3D04L to LRD/LR3D32L, LRD/LR3D313 to LRD/LR3D380.
  (4) BV: except for LRD/LR3D04L to LRD/LR3D32L, LRD/LR3D313 to LRD/LR3D380.
  (5) DNV-GL: except for LRD/LR3D04L to LRD/LR3D32L, LRD/LR3D380.
  (7) RINA: for LRD/LR3D01 to LRD/LR3D35.

- (8) RMRS: for LRD/LR3D313 to LRD/LR3D380.
- (9) EU RO Mutual Recognition: for LRD/LR3D313 to LRD/LR3D380, LRD313L to LRD365L.
- (10) In case of vibration above 3gn on Deca Green contactor directly mounted with LRD,
- it is recommended do mount the devices separately by screws on metal plate. (11) 750 V for LRD33656, LRD33676, LRD33696.



## Characteristics

Relay type			LRD01 16, LR3D01 16	LRD04L 21L	LRD22L 32L	LRD21 35, LR3D21 35	LRD 313 365 LR3D 313 380	LRD 313L 365L	LRD 3322 33696 LR3D 3322 33696	LR2D 3522 3563	LRD 4365 436
Connection to screw clamp te											
Flexible cable without cable end	1 conductor	mm²	1.510			1.510	135	135	435		450
Flexible cable with cable end	1 conductor	mm²	14		16	16 except <b>LRD21</b> : 14	135	135	435		435
Solid cable without cable end	1 conductor	mm²	16		1.510	1.5/10 except <b>LRD21</b> : 1/6	135	135	435		450
Tightening torque		N.m	1.7		2.5	2.5	125: 5 35: 8	125: 5 35: 8	9	9	9
Connection to spring terminal (except LRD04LLRD32L)	s (Min/max c.s.a.)										
Flexible cable without cable end	1 conductor	mm²	1.54	-	-	1.54	-	-	-	-	-
Flexible cable with cable end	1 conductor	mm²	1.54	-	-	1.54	-	-	-	-	-
Connection by bars or lugs			DF567972.eps		P	DF667973.eps		<u>σ</u>	DF567974.eps		
Relay type			LRD016 LRD04L 16L6	.6 I	LRD216 LRD21L6 32L6		D3136 3806	LRD3		LRD33	
Pitch	Without spreaders	mm	14.5		17.5	17.	5	17.5		21.5	
Bars or cables with lugs	е	mm	≤ 6	5	<b>€</b> 6	≤ 6		≤ 6		≤ 6	
	L	mm	≤ 8	\$	<b>§</b> 8	≤ 1	3.5	≤ 13.5	5	≤ 16	
	Ľ	mm	≤ 9.5	\$	≤ 9.5	≤ 1	6.5	≤ 16.5	5	≤ 16	
	d		≤ 7		<b>€</b> 7	≤ 1	0	≤ 10		≤ 12	
Screws			M4	1	M4	M6		M6		M10	
	Tightening torque	N.m	1.7		2.5	6		6		11.3	

Connection	to screw c	lamp 1	termina	ls or	spring	termi	nal	S
Bare cables								

		DF567971.eps									
Relay type			LRD01 16, LR3D01 16	LRD04L 21L	LRD22L 32L	LRD21 35, LR3D21 35	LRD 313 365 LR3D 313 380	LRD 313L 365L	LRD3322 33696 LR3D 3322 33696	LR2D 3522 3563	LRD 4365 4369
Connection to screw	Solid cable without cable end	mm²	2 x 12	2.5							
clamp terminals (1)	Flexible cable without cable end	mm²	2 x 12	2.5							
	Flexible cable with cable end	mm²	2 x 12	2.5							
Tightening torque		N.m	1.7								
Connection to spring terminals	Solid cable	mm²	12.5	-		12.5			_		
(Min/max c.s.a.) (except LRD04LLRD32L)	Flexible cable without cable end	mm²	12.5	_		12.5			-		
		(4) Fare	alassa I DE	242 40 20	O. DTD b		alcat basal		- raul intelle		

(1) For relays LRD313 to 380: BTR hexagon socket head screws, EverLink® system.
In accordance with local electrical wiring regulations, a size 4 insulated Allen key must be used (reference LADALLEN4, see page B8/42).

Dimensions, mounting: pages B11/35 to B11/37 Schemes: page B11/37 References: pages B11/4 to B11/7

## Characteristics

Relay type		LRD01 16, LR3D02 16	LRD04L LRD32L	LRD21 35, LR3D21 35	LRD313 365 LR3D 313 380	LRD313L 365L	LRD3322 33696 LR3D3322 33696	LR2D 3522  3563	LRD 4365 436
Temperature compensation	°C	-20+60			•			•	
Tripping threshold Conforming to IEC 60947-4-1	Α	1.14 ±0.0	6 Ir						
Sensitivity to phase failure		Tripping o	current 130	% of Ir on	two phases	, the third p	hase at 0.		
Tripping curves Average operating time related to multiples of the setting	current								
LRD01 to LRD35, LR2D and LRD3322 to LRD4369	Carron	LRD04L	to LRD32L	and LR2D	3522 to LR	2D3563			
Time Class 10 A		Tim	ie		Class	20			
20 10 4 2 1 40 20 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		20			6 10 e setting curr	1720 rent (lr)			
LRD313 to LRD380			to LRD36	5L	•	•			
Time Class 10 A  50 15 10 10 10 4 20 11 11 2 4 6 8 10 14 20 x the setting current (lr)		Spunou 1 1 1 40 20 5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	ne 2	4	Clas  6 8 10  e setting cur	1-2-3			
x the setting current (ir)  1 Balanced operation, 3-phase, without prior 2 2-phase operation, without prior current flow Balanced operation, 3-phase, after a long p	v (cold sta	w (cold stat te).	e).		ne setting cur	rent (Ir)			

References: pages B11/4 to B11/7

Dimensions, mounting: pages B11/35 to B11/37

Schemes: page B11/37



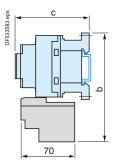
Direct mounting beneath contactors with screw clamp connections

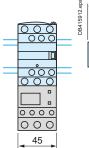
## LRD04...32L (1)

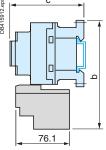
Direct mounting beneath contactors with screw clamp connections

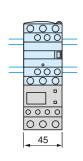
## LRD063...223

Direct mounting beneath contactors with spring terminal connections

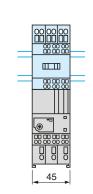








8 I
DF833866 ups



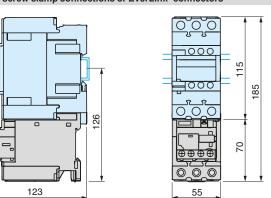
LC1	D09D18	D25D38		
b	123	137		
c See pages B11/32 and B8/9				

LC1	D09[	018	D25D38	
b	123	137		
С	See pa	aes B11/32	and B8/97	

LC1	D093D253	
b	168	
C	See pages B11/32 and B8/97	

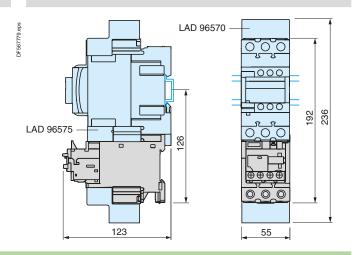
## LRD313...380 (1)

Direct mounting beneath contactors LC1D40A...D80A with screw clamp connections or EverLink® connectors



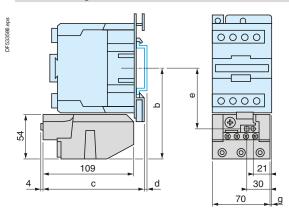


Direct mounting beneath contactors LC1D40A6...D80A6 with lugs



## .RD33

Direct mounting beneath contactors LC1D80...D95



AM1	DL201	DL200	
d	7	17	

Control circuit AC				
b	С	е	g (tri)	g (tetra)
115.5	124	76.9	9.5	22
115.5	124	76.9	9.5	-
Control circuit DC				
115.5	179.4	76.9	9.5	22
	b 115.5 115.5 iit DC	b c 115.5 124 115.5 124 iit DC	b c e 115.5 124 76.9 115.5 124 76.9 it DC	b         c         e         g (tri)           115.5         124         76.9         9.5           115.5         124         76.9         9.5           iit DC

(1) In case of vibration above 3 gn on Deca Green contactor directly mounted with LRD, it is recommended do mount the devices separately by screws on metal plate.

 Characteristics:
 References:
 Schemes:

 pages B11/31 to B11/34
 pages B11/4 to B11/7
 page B11/37

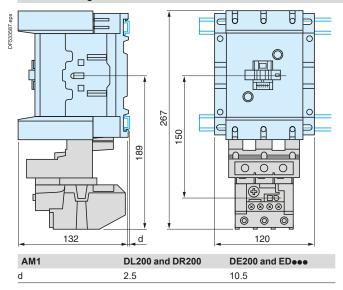
Overload relays

## Deca Thermal overload relays

Dimensions, mounting



Direct mounting beneath contactors LC1D115 and D150

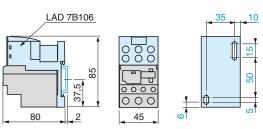


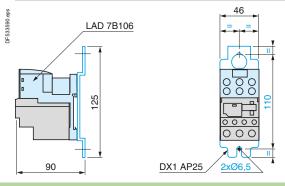
## LRD01...35

Independent mounting on 50 mm centres or on rail AM1DP200 or DE200

## Independent mounting on 110 mm centres





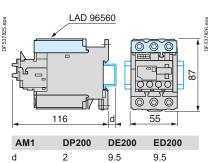


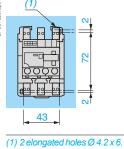
## LRD313...380

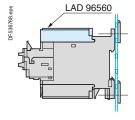
Mounting on rail AM1De200 or ED200 With terminal block LAD96560

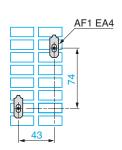
Panel mounting Outgoing terminal block not shown

## Mounted on plate AM1P

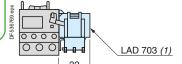








## LRD01...35 and LRD313...380 Remote tripping or electrical reset



(1) Can only be mounted on RH side of relay LRD01...35 and LRD313...380.

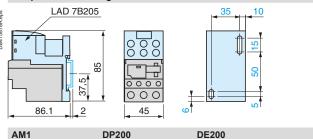
Characteristics: pages B11/31 to B11/34

References: pages B11/4 to B11/7

Schemes: page B11/37

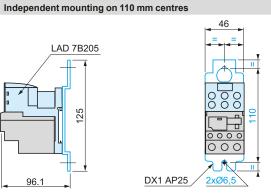


Independent mounting on 50 mm centres or on rail AM1DP200 or DE200



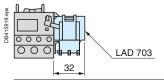
9.5

LAD 7B205 96.1



Remote tripping or electrical reset

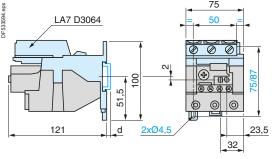
2



(1) Can be mounted on RH or LH side of relay LR2D15.

## LRD3 • • and LR2D35 • •

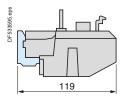
Independent mounting on 50 mm centres or on rail AM1DP200 or DE200

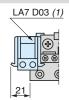


		11	
AM1	DP200	DE200	
d	2	9.5	

# LRD3 • • • , LR2D35 • • and LR9D

Remote tripping or electrical reset







Ref.

(1) Can be mounted on RH or LH side of relay LRD3..., LR2D35... or LR9D.

# LRD3

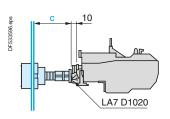
Adapter for door mounted operator

# LA7D1020

Stop

Reset





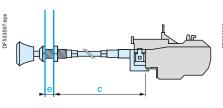
c: adjustable from 17 to 120 mm

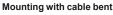
# LRD, LRD313...380, LRD04...32L

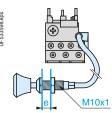
"Reset" by flexible cable

LA7D305 and LAD7305

Mounting with cable straight

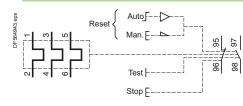




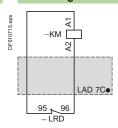


e: up to 20 mm / c: up to 550 mm

# LRDee, LRD3ee and LR2Dee



# Pre-wiring kit LAD7C1, LAD7C2

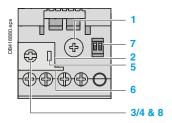


Characteristics: pages B11/31 to B11/34

References pages B11/4 to B11/7 Overload relays

# **TeSys** Protect Deca Electronic overload relays

# Characteristics



LR9D01...32

# Product references LR9D01, 02, 08 and 32

These self-powered electronic thermal overload relays are designed for direct mounting to contactors LC1D09 through LC1D38.

In addition to the protection provided by the Deca thermal overload relays (see page B11/31), they offer the following additional features:

- protection against phase imbalance
- choice of starting class
- protection of unbalanced circuits
- protection of single-phase circuits
- Adjustment dial Ir.
- 2 Test button.
- 3 Stop button.
- Reset button. 4
- 5 Trip indicator.
- 6 Setting locked by sealing the cover.
- Class 5/10/20/30 dipswitches.
- Reset mode selector.

Environment								
Relay type			LR9D01, 02,	08, 32				
Conforming to standards			IEC/EN 60947-4-1, IEC/EN 60947-5-1, UL 60947-4-1, CSA C22.2 n° 60947-4-1, UL 60947-5-1, CSA C22.2 n° 60947-5-1, GB/T 14048.4					° 60947-4-1, UL
Product certifications			CCC, CSA, I	JL, CB, UKCA	certification			
Degree of protection	Conforming to IEC 60529 and VDE 0106		IP 20 on fron	t panel				
Ambient air temperature around	Storage	°C	-55 to +80					
the device (Conforming to IEC 60255-8)	Normal operation	°C	-25 to +70					
Maximum operating altitude	Without derating	m	2000					
Operating positions without derating	In relation to normal vertical mounting plane		Any position					
Shock resistance	Permissible acceleration conforming to IEC 60068-2-27		15 g (11ms)					
Vibration resistance	Permissible acceleration conforming to IEC 60068-2-6		6 g (10-150 Hz)					
Dielectric strength at 50 Hz	Conforming to IEC 60947-4-1	kV	6					
Surge withstand, common mode	Conforming to IEC 61000-4-5	kV	2					
Resistance to electrostatic discharge	Conforming to IEC 61000-4-2	kV	8					
Immunity to radiated radio-frequency disturbances	Conforming to IEC 61000-4-3 and NF C 46-022	V/m	10					
Immunity to fast transient currents	Conforming to IEC 61000-4-4	kV	2					
Electromagnetic compatibility	Draft EN 50081-1 and 2, EN 50082-2		Meets requir	ements				
Electrical characteris	stics of auxiliary conta	icts						
Conventional thermal current		Α	5					
Max. sealed consumption	a.c. supply, AC-15	V	24	48	110	220	380	600
of the operating coils of controlled contactors		VA	100	200	400	600	600	600
(Occasional operating	d.c. supply, DC-13	V	24	48	110	220	_	_
cycles of contact 95-96)		W	100	100	50	45	-	_

1 to 2.5 (18 to 14)

0.8 (7)



Protection against

short-circuits Cabling

Flexible cable without cable end By gG or BS fuses or by circuit breaker GB2

1 or 2 conductors

Tightening torque

mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG)

Nm

(lb-in)

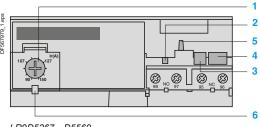
# **TeSys** Protect Deca Electronic overload relays

# Characteristics

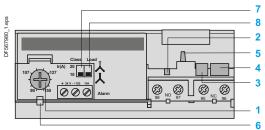
Relay type	cs of power circuit		LR9D01	LR9D02	LR9D08	LR9D32
	orming to IEC/EN 60947-4-1		5, 10, 20, 30	2110202	2110200	LINOSOL
Confe	orming to UL 60947-4-1, C22.2 n° 60947-4-1		10, 20, 30			
ated insulation voltage (Ui) Confe	orming to IEC 60947-4-1	VAC	1000			
ted operational voltage (Ue) Confe			690			
	orming to UL/CSA		600			
ated impulse withstand voltage			6			
_ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	e operating current		5060	0.4.0	1.0.0	0.4.00
etting range			0.10.5 1 to 16	0.42	1.68	6.432
ower circuit connections Wire	size - 1 or 2 conductors		(14 to 6)			
Tight	ening torque		3.1 (28)			
Operating characteristi	cs	mW	< 300			
•	orming to IEC 60947-4-1		1.25 In			
ensitivity to phase unbalance Confe				ice > 40%, tripping in	3 s	
urrent setting ratio			5:1			
tomatic reset time		min.	1.54			
R9D01, 02, 08, 32 tripping c	urves					
lass 5 Trip curve			Class	10 Trip curve		
pping time in seconds				time in seconds		
000			1000			
			DB432872.eps			
l l			34328			
100			100			
10			10			
1	— Cold sta	tus	1			Cold status
	Hot statu	us				Hot status
	— Phase Id	ow ise unbalan	100			— Phase low and Phase unbalance
	anurna	ise uribaiari				and Fhase unbalance
0,1	6 7 8		0,1 0	1 2 3 4	5 6 7 8	
x the setti	ng current (Ir)				x the setting current (Ir)	
lass 20 Trip curve pping time in seconds				30 Trip curve time in seconds		
000			1000			
			sd e			
			DB432874.eps			
			DB43			
100			100			
				1 1 1		
10			10			
1			1			
						0.11.1.1
	— Cold sta — Hot statu					— Cold status — Hot status
0.1	— Phase Id					— Phase low
0,1	6 7 8 and Pha	ise unbalan	nce 0,1 l	1 2 3 4		and Phase unbalance
	ng current (Ir)				x the setting current (Ir)	

# **TeSys** Protect Deca Electronic overload relays

# Characteristics



LR9D5367...D5569



LR9D67 and D69

# **Description: LR9D5367...LR9D5569, LR9D67, LR9D69**

These electronic thermal overload relays are designed for use with contactors LC1D115 and D150.

In addition to the protection provided by Deca thermal overload relays (see page B11/31), they offer the following special features:

- protection against phase imbalance
- choice of starting class
- protection of unbalanced circuits
- protection of single-phase circuits
- alarm function to avoid tripping by load shedding.
- Adjustment dial Ir.
- Test button.
- Stop button.
- Reset button. Trip indicator.
- Setting locked by sealing the cover. 7
  - Class 10/class 20 selector switch.
    - Selector for balanced load 🚶 /unbalanced load 🚶







Environment								
Relay type			LR9D5367	LR9D5569, LF	R9D67, LR9D6	9		
Conforming to standards			IEC/EN 60947-4-1, IEC/EN 60947-5-1, UL 60947-4-1, CSA C22.2 n° 60947-4-1, UL 60947-5-1, CSA C22.2 n° 60947-5-1, GB/T 14048.4					
Product certifications			UL, CSA, CC	C, ABS, BV, D	NV-GL, UKCA	4		
Degree of protection	Conforming to IEC 60529		IP 20 on fron	t panel with pr	otective covers	s <b>LA9D11570</b>	or <b>D11560</b>	
Climatic withstand			according to	IACS E10				
Ambient air temperature around	Storage	°C	- 40+ 85					
the device (Conforming to IEC 60255-8)	Normal operation	°C	- 20+ 55 <sup>(1)</sup>					
Maximum operating altitude	Without derating	m	2000					
Operating positions without derating	In relation to normal vertical mounting plane		Any position					
Shock resistance	Permissible acceleration conforming to IEC60028-2-27		13 gn - 11 ms	6				
Vibration resistance	Permissible acceleration conforming to IEC 60068-2-6		2 gn - 5300 Hz					
Dielectric strength at 50 Hz	Conforming to IEC 60947-4-1	kV	6					
Surge withstand	Conforming to IEC 61000-4-5	kV	6					
Resistance to electrostatic discharge	Conforming to IEC 61000-4-2	kV	8					
Immunity to radiated radio-frequency disturbances	Conforming to IEC 61000-4-3	V/m	10					
Immunity to fast transient currents	Conforming to IEC 61000-4-4	kV	2					
Electromagnetic compatibility	EN 50081-1 and 2, EN 50082-2		Meets require	ements				
Electrical characteris	stics of auxiliary conta	icts						
Conventional thermal current		Α	5					
Max. sealed consumption	a.c. supply	V	24	48	110	220	380	600
of the operating coils of		VA	100	200	400	600	600	600

<b>Electrical characte</b>	ristics of auxiliary cor	ntacts						
Conventional thermal current		Α	5					
Max. sealed consumption	a.c. supply	٧	24	48	110	220	380	600
of the operating coils of controlled contactors (Occasional operating		VA	100	200	400	600	600	600
	d.c. supply	٧	24	48	110	220	440	_
cycles of contact 95-96)		w	100	100	50	45	25	-
Protection against short-circuits	By gG or BS fuses or by circuit breaker <b>GB2</b>	Α	5					
Cabling	1 or 2 conductors	mm²	Minimum	n c.s.a.: 1				
Flexible cable			Maximum c.s.a.: 2.5					
without cable end	Tightening torque	Nm	1.2					

(1) For operating temperatures up to 70 °C, please consult your Regional Sales Office.

# Overload relays

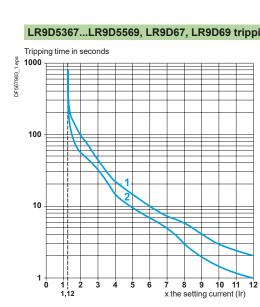
# **TeSys** Protect Deca Electronic overload relays

# Characteristics

<b>Electrical characteris</b>	tics of power circuit		
Relay type			LR9D5367LR9D5569, LR9D67, LR9D69
Tripping class	Conforming to IEC/EN 60947- 4-1, UL 60947-4-1, CSA C22.2 n° 60947-4-1		10 or 20
Rated insulation voltage (Ui)	Conforming to IEC 60947-4-1	V	1000
	Conforming to UL, CSA	V	600
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)		kV	8
Frequency limits	Of the operating current	Hz	5060 <sup>(1)</sup>
Setting range	Depending on model	Α	60150
Power circuit connections	Width of terminal lug	mm	20
	Clamping screw		M8
	Tightening torque	N.m	18
Operating characteris	stics		
Temperature compensation		°C	- 20+70
Tripping thresholds	Conforming to IEC 60947-4-1		
	Alarm	Α	1.05 ±0.06 ln
	Trip	Α	1.12 ±0.06 ln
Sensitivity to phase failure	Conforming to IEC 60947-4-1		Tripping in 4 s ±20 % in the event of phase failure
Alarm circuit charact	eristics		
Rated supply voltage	d.c. supply	V	24
Supply voltage limits		٧	1732
Current consumption	No-load	mA	≤5
Switching capacity		mA	0150
Protection	Short-circuit and overload		Self protected
Voltage drop	Closed state	V	≤ 2.5
Cabling	Flexible cable without cable end	mm²	0.51.5
Tightening torque		N.m	0.45
		•	

<sup>(1)</sup> For other frequencies and for applications involving the use of these overload relays with soft starters or variable speed drives, please consult your Regional Sales Office.

# LR9D5367...LR9D5569, LR9D67, LR9D69 tripping curves

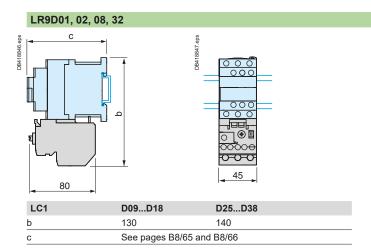


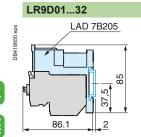
Average operating time related to multiples of the setting current

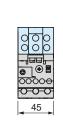
1	Cold state curve
2	Hot state curve

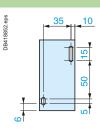
# Deca Electronic overload relays

Dimensions, mounting





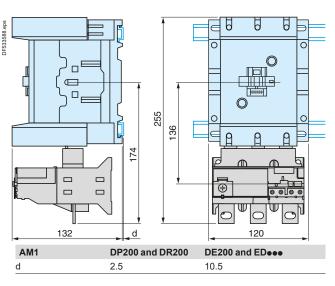






# LR9D53••, LR9D55••, LR9D67, LR9D69

Direct mounting beneath contactors LC 1D115 and D150

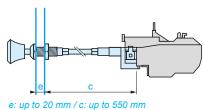


# LR9D

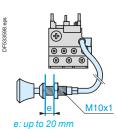
"Reset" by flexible cable

LA7D305 and LAD7305

Mounting with cable straight



Mounting with cable bent

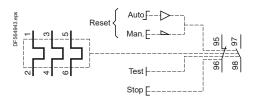


Overload relays

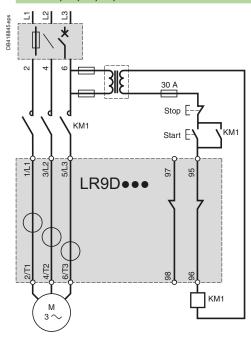
# Deca Electronic overload relays

Schemes

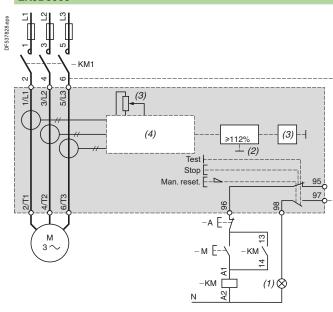
# LR9D01, 02, 08, 32



# LR9D01, 02, 08, 32, LR9 D110S

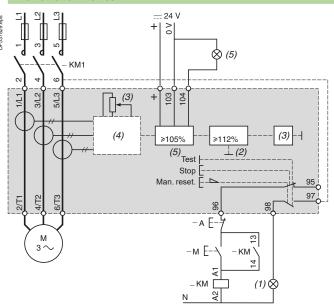


# LR9D5



- (1) Tripped. (2) Overload.
- (3) Setting current.
- (4) Specialised circuit.

# LR9D67 and LR9D69



- (1) Tripped.
- (2) Overload. (3) Setting current.
- (4) Specialised circuit.
- (5) Alarm.

References: page B11/10

Characteristics: pages B11/38 to B11/41 Dimensions: page B11/42 Ref.

# **TeSys** Protect Giga Electronic overload relays

# Characteristics

Environment							
Contactor type			LR9G115 LR9G225 LR9G500 LR9G630				
Conforming to standards			IEC/EN 60947-4-1, IEC/EN 60947-5-1, UL 60947-4-1, CSA C22.2 n° 60947-4-1, UL 60947-5-1, CSA C22.2 n° 60947-5-1, GB/T 14048.4				
Product certifications			CB Scheme, CCC, cULus, UKCA, ATEX, EU-RO-MR by DNV				
Degree of protection	Conforming to IEC 60529 / VDE 0106		IP 20 on front of rela	ay with accessories L	_A9G37●●		
Climatic withstand			according to IACS I	<b>Ξ10</b>			
Ambient air temperature around the device (conforming	Storage	°C	-55+80				
to IEC 60255-8)	Normal operation	°C	-25+60				
Maximum operating altitude	Without derating	m	3000				
Net weight		kg	1.2 1.7 2.8		2.8		
Operating positions without derating	In relation to normal vertical mounting plane		Any position				
Shock resistance 11 ms	Permissible acceleration conforming to IEC 60068-2-7		15 gn				
Vibration resistance 5 to 300 Hz	Permissible acceleration conforming to IEC 60068-2-6		6 gn				
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)	Conforming to IEC 60947-4-1	kV	8				
Surge withstand	Conforming to IEC 61000-4-5	kV	4				
Resistance to electrostatic discharge	Conforming to IEC 61000-4-2	kV	8 (in air) 6 (in direct mode)				
Resistance to radiated radio-frequency disturbance	Conforming to IEC 61000-4-3	V/m	20				
Resistance to fast transient currents	Conforming to IEC 61000-4-4	kV	4				
Electromagnetic compatibility	EN 50081-1 and 2, EN 50082-2		Conforming				







# **TeSys** Protect Giga Electronic overload relays

# Characteristics

Relay type			LR9G115	LR9G225	LR9G500	LR9G630	
Rated insulation voltage (Ui)	Conforming to IEC 60947-4-1 Over-voltage category III, degree of pollution: 3	V	1000	•	·	·	
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp )	Conforming to IEC 60947-1	kV	8				
Rated operational current (le)	Α	28 to 630					
Short-circuit protection and co	ordination		See pages A5/7 to A5/8, A5/23 to A5/26 and A5/38 to A5/39.				
Frequency limits of the operating current		Hz	50 / 60				
Power circuit connections	Width of terminal lug	mm	18	18	30	48	
	Clamping screw		M8	M8	M10	M12	
	Tightening torque	N.m	18	18	35	58	

Conventional thermal curren	i	A	5								
Short-circuit protection	By gG fuses	A	6	6							
Connection (Push-in type)			Min.	Max.							
Flexible cable	1 conductor with cable end	mm²	0.25	2.5							
	2 conductors with Dual Sleeve	mm² 🖂	0.5	1							
Solid cable	1 conductor	mm² ===	0.2	2.5							
	Stripping length	mm 📑	10	10							
Rated operational	a.c. supply AC-15	V	24	48	120	240	380	480	500		
contact power		Α	4	4	3	1.5	0.95	0.75	0.72		
		VA	96	192	360	360	361	360	360		
	d.c. supply DC-13	V	24	48	125	250	-	-	-		
		Α	2	0.7	0.22	0.11	-	-	-		
		w	48	33.6	27.5	27.5	-	-	-		
Maximum operational voltage	a.c., category AC-15	V	500	500	500	500	500	500	500		
	d.c., category DC-13	v	250	250	250	250	250	250	250		







# Giga Electronic overload relays

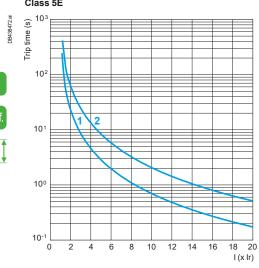
# Characteristics

Operating char	acteristics					
Tripping class	Conforming to IE	C 60947-4-1		5E/10E/20E/30E		
Operating temperature			°C	-40+60 <sup>(1)</sup>		
Reset				auto and manual		
Trip alarm and fault indication				On front of relay		
Test function				On front of relay		
Tripping thresholds				≥ 90% of permissible thermal state		
IEC 60947-4-1		Tripping	Α	1.2 ± 0.05 lr		
Sensitivity to phase loss	Conforming to IE	C 60947-4-1		Tripping in 4 s ± 1 s in the event of phase loss		
Phase imbalance	Conforming to IE	C 60947-1		Tripping in 5 s ± 1 s if imbalance ratio ≥ 40 % according to Annex T5.5		
Ground fault	Conforming to IE	C 60947-4-1		lg = 0.75 lr Tripping 1 s ± 20 % if l ≥ 1.1 lg		
Adjustment (nominal mo	otor current)			Setting dial on front of relay (64 settings)		
Security sealing				Yes		
				-		

<sup>(1)</sup> Adjustment of dial setting(s): -25...+60 °C.

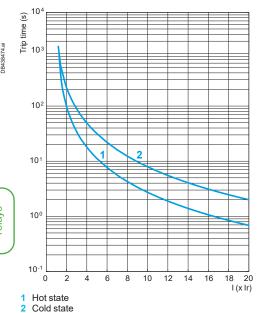
# LR9G tripping curves

Average operating times depending on multiples of the setting current





# Class 20E



# Trip time (s) 10<sup>2</sup> 101 10º

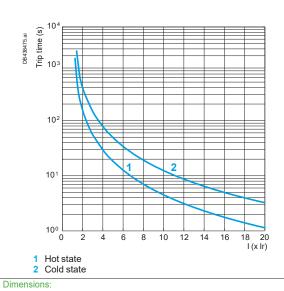
10 12 14 20

- 1 Hot state2 Cold state

# Class 30E

page B11/47

10

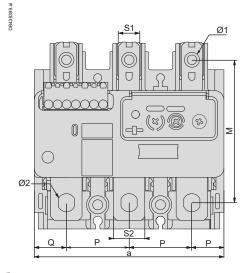


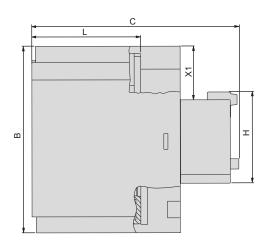
Introduction: pages B11/11 to B11/12 References: pages B11/13 to B11/14

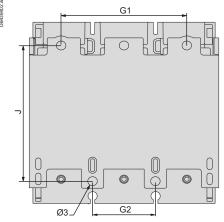
# Giga Electronic overload relays

# Dimensions and diagram

# Dimensions LR9G115...630

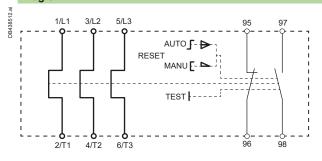






LR9G	115-225	500	630
а	105.7	140	210
b	109.55	115.65	149.45
С	126.2	139.2	185.9
G1	70	119.3	186.2
G2	35	45	70
J	80.1	68.25	86
M	78	83	100
Н	52	52	52
L	66	79	107
Р	35	45	70
Q	18	25	35
S1	11.5	22.5	22.5
S2	17.5	30.5	50
Ø1	8.3	10.6	13
Ø2	9	10.6	13
Ø3	5.3	5.3	8.5
X1	30	33	50

# Diagram



Overload relays

# **TeSys** Protect RM1XA Magnetic overload relays

# Characteristics

# Introduction

The RM1XA electromagnetic relay detects over current peaks in excess of the maximum permissible current value. It is designed for the protection of circuits which are not subject to current peaks (starters, resistors) or for controlling starting peaks on slip ring motors.

It trips instantaneously and is not suitable for frequent operation (12 operating cycles per hour). It can withstand a continuous current equivalent to 1.25 times the minimum setting current.

Environment characteristics						
Conforming to standards		IEC/EN 60947-4-1				
Product certifications		UKCA				
Ambient air temperature around the device	°C	Storage: - 60+ 70 Operation: - 40+ 60				
Maximum operating altitude	m	2000				
Operating position		± 15° in relation to normal vertical mounting position				

		· ·					
Electrical characteristics of power circuit							
Maximum rated operational voltage	V	~ or 600					
Frequency limits of the rated operational current	Hz	060					



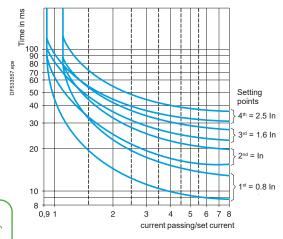




Conventional thermal current			Α	10				
Occasional making and oreaking capacities	a.c. supply	Voltage	v	48	110	220	380	600
		Power (1)	VA	4000	12 000	17 000	22 000	-
	d.c. supply	Voltage	v	48	110	220	440	600
		Power (2)	w	240	200	190	180	180

<sup>(1)</sup> Circuit such as the electromagnet of a contactor -  $\cos \varphi$  inrush: 0.7 and  $\cos \varphi$  sealed: 0.4. (2) Circuit such as an electromagnet without economy resistor; time constant varying from 20 ms for 5 W to 200 ms for 100 W or more.

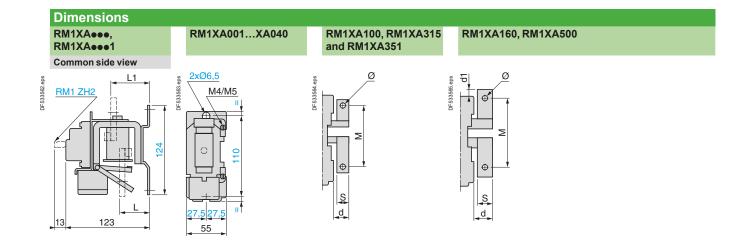
# **Operating times**

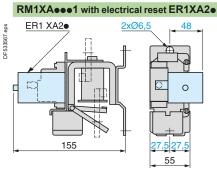


Operating times: because of the numerous applications for RM1 XA over current relays, it is not possible to give precise operating times. The curves shown are therefore purely indicative.

# RM1XA Magnetic overload relays

Dimensions, schemes

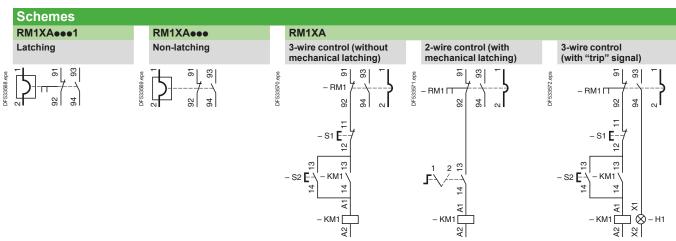




RM1	d	d1	M	L	L1	S	Ø
XA100	20.5	-	87	25	40	20	M8
XA160	27.5	5.5	94	25	40	25	M8
XA315	35.5	_	74	44	55	30	M10
XA500	40.5	7	84	44	55	40	M10







# **TeSys** Protect LT3 Thermal protection units

Characteristics

# **Application**

LT3S• thermistor protection units continuously monitor the temperature of the machines to be protected (motors, generators, etc.) by means of PTC thermistor probes embedded in the machine windings.

If the nominal operating temperature of the probes is reached, they convert the rapid increase in resistance into a switching function which can be used to switch off the machine or signal a fault (see paragraph relating to thermistor probes below).

Accidental breaks in the supply circuits of the thermistors are also detected.

# Electromagnetic compatibility

Conforming to "Electromagnetic compatibility" directive. Conforming to standard IEC/EN 61000-6-2.

Level 3
Level 3
Level 3
Level 4

Suitable for use with variable speed controllers

# Thermistor probes

Range of most commonly used PTC thermistor probes: from 90 to 160  $^{\circ}$ C, in steps of 10  $^{\circ}$ C.

Curve R = f ( $\theta$ ), characteristic of a PTC thermistor probe, is defined by standard IEC 60947-8.

The choice of PTC thermistor probe to be incorporated in the motor winding depends on the insulation class, the type of motor and the most suitable location for the probe. This choice is usually made by the motor manufacturer or the motor rewinder, who have all the necessary information.

Application example			
Insulation class of rotating machines conforming to IEC 60034-11 (S1 duty)	NOT Nominal operating temperature	Temperature at which rapid increase in resistance occurs Probes used for Alarm	Fault
	°C	°C	°C
A	100	100	100
В	110	110	120
E	120	120	130
F	140	140	150
Н	160	160	170

(1) PTC: Positive Temperature Coefficient.







Overload relays

# **TeSys** Protect LT3 Thermal protection units

# Characteristics

Protection unit type				LT3SE	LT3SA	LT3SM		
Reset method				Automatic	Automatic	Manual/Automatic		
Fault indication				-	On front panel of unit and remote	On front panel of unit and remote		
Fault test				-	-	By pushbutton on front panel of unit		
Probe interchangeability				Label "Mark A" to IEC 60034-11	Label "Mark A" to IEC 60034-11	Label "Mark A" to IEC 60034-11		
Environment								
Conforming to standards				IEC 60947-8	IEC 60947-8	IEC 60947-8		
Product certifications				UL, CSA				
Degree of protection				IP 20 conforming to IEC 6	60529			
CE marking			LT3S● protection units have been designed to comply with the basic recommendations of European directives relating to low voltage and EMC. Therefore LT3S● products bear the European Community C€ mark.					
			-40+85					
	Operation		°C	-25+60				
Maximum operating altitude	Without derating	ng		2000 m				
	With derating			Up to 3000 m, the maximum permissible ambient air temperature for operation (60 must be reduced by 5 $^{\circ}$ C per additional 500 m above 1500 m				
Vibration resistance	Conforming to	IEC 60068-2-6		2.5 gn (225 Hz) 1 gn (25150 Hz)				
Shock resistance	Conforming to	IEC 60068-2-27		5 gn (11 ms)				
Operating positions without derating	In relation to no vertical mounti			Any position				
Power supply circuit	characteris	stics						
Rated control circuit voltage (Uc)	$\sim$ 50/60 Hz	Single voltage	V	115 or 230	-	400		
• · ·	0.851.1 Uc	Dual voltage	V	-	115/230	115/230. 24/48		
	$\sim$ 50/60 Hz	Multivoltage	٧	-	24230	24230		
	0.851.1 Uc							
	==	Single voltage	V	24	-	-		
	0.81.25 Uc	Dual voltage	٧	-	24/48	24/48		
	0.851.1 Uc	Multivoltage	V	-	24230	24230		
Average consumption	Sealed	$\sim$	VA	< 2.5	< 2.5	< 2.5 except (400 V: 2.7)		
		==	w	< 1	< 1	<1		

(1) PTC: Positive Temperature Coefficient.

# **TeSys** Protect LT3 Thermal protection units

# Characteristics

Protection unit type			LT3SE		LT3SA		LT3SI	VI	
Resistance	Tripping	Ω	27003100		27003100		2700.	3100	
	Reset	Ω	15001650		15001650		1500.	1650	
Maximum number of probes fitted Probes ≤ 250 Ω at 25° n series (2)			6	6		6		6	
Voltage at terminals in the thermistor circuit	Normal operation (R = 1500 $\Omega$ )	٧	< 2.5		< 2.5		< 2.5		
	Conforming to IEC 60034-11 (R = $4000 \Omega$ )	٧	< 7.5	< 7.5		< 7.5			
Thermistor probe short-circuit detection	Operating threshold	Ω	-	- <20			< 20		
Connection of probes to the LT3	Distance	m	300	400	500		-	1000 (3)	
	Minimum c.s.a. of conductors	mm²	0.75	1		1.5		2.5	

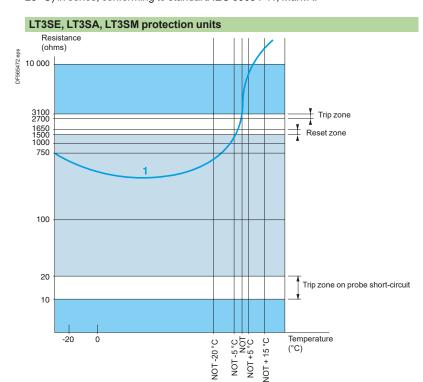
Electrical characteris	sucs of the	output reia	y COIII	lacis				
Contact type	Single voltage or dual voltage			1 N/C	1 N/C + 1 N/O	1 N/C + 1 N/O		
	Multivoltage			_	2 C/O	2 C/O		
Rated insulation voltage				~500				
Maximum operational voltage				∼ 250 (∼ 400 V for <b>LT3SM00V</b> )				
Rated impulse withstand voltage	Uimp		kV	2.5				
Conventional thermal current		-	Α	5				
Operational power	At 220 V		VA	100 for 0.5 million operating cycles				
Breaking capacity	In cat. AC-15 120 V		Α	6				
		250 V	Α	3				
	In DC-13	24 V	Α	2				
Cabling (cage type connector)	Without cable	end	mm²	2 x 11 x 2.5				
for flexible or solid cable	With cable end	t	mm²	1 x 0.752 x 2.5				
Tightening torque			N.m	0.8				
			1					

Thermistor probe c	haracteristics			
Probe type			DA1TT•••	DA1TS•••
Conforming to standards			IEC 60034-11. Mark A	
Resistance	At 25 °C	Ω	3 x 250 in series	250
Rated operational voltage (Ue)	Per probe	v	2.5 V max	2.5 V max
Rated insulation voltage (Ui)		kV	2.5	1
Insulation			Reinforced	Reinforced
Length of connecting cables	Between probes	mm	250	-
	Between probe and motor terminal plate	m	1	1

- (1) PTC: Positive Temperature Coefficient. (2) Provided that the total resistance of the probe circuit is less than 1500  $\Omega$  at 20 °C.
- (3) For distances greater than 500 m take cabling precautions (twisted shielded pairs).

# LT3S protection unit/thermistor probe combination

Guaranteed operating zones: examples with 3 probes type DA1TT $\bullet \bullet \bullet$  (250  $\Omega$  at 25 °C) in series, conforming to standard IEC 60034-11, Mark A.



1 3 probes type DA1TT••• (250 Ω at 25 °C) in series.

NOT: Nominal Operating Temperature

Protection unit tripped.

Protection unit reset.

(1) PTC: Positive Temperature Coefficient.

Ref.





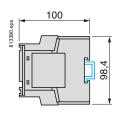
# LT3 Thermal protection units

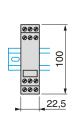
Dimensions, schemes, setting-up

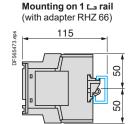
# **Dimensions**

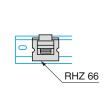
LT3SE, SA, SM

Mounting on ∟r rail AM1 DP200





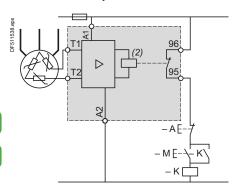




# Schemes for "no fault" operation

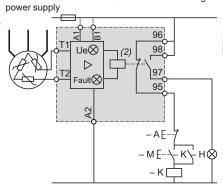
LT3SE00BD (24 V DC), LT3SE00F (115 V AC), LT3SE00M (230 V AC)

Without fault memory

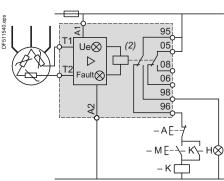


## LT3SA00ED (24/48 V DC), LT3SA00M (115/230 V AC)

Refer to chart for use of A1/B1 terminal according

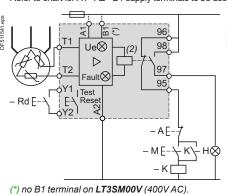




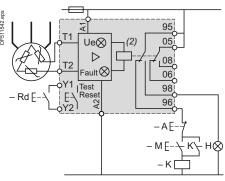


# LT3SM00E (24/48V AC), LT3SM00ED (24/48V DC), LT3SM00M (115/230 V AC), LT3SM00V (400V AC)

Refer to chart for A1 - A2 - B1 supply terminals to be used



# LT3SM00MW (24 to 230 V AC/DC)



LT3SA, LT3SM - dual voltage and 400 V - power terminal assigment								
LT3SA00ED, LT3SM00ED 24 V DC 48 V DC								
Terminals	B1(+) A2 (0V)	A1(+) A2 (0V)						
LT3SA00M, LT3SM00M	115 V AC	230 V AC						
Terminals	A1-B1	A1-A2						
LT3SA00M, LT3SM00M	-	400 V AC						
Terminals	-	A1-A2						

# Setting-up

It is inadvisable to use the same multi-core cable for the thermistor probe circuit and the power circuit. This is especially important for long cable runs. If it is impossible to comply with the above recommendation, a pair of twisted conductors must be used for the thermistor probe circuit.

# Testing the insulation of the line connecting the thermistors to the LT3S unit

Before carrying out this test, short-circuit all the terminals of the LT3S protection unit.

Measure the insulation value between these terminals and earth using a megger or a flash tester, progressively increasing the voltage to the value defined by the

# Checking the PTC thermistor probes for correct operation

With the machine stopped, in the cold state and after having taken all the necessary safety precautions:

- disconnect the line linking the thermistors to the LT3S protection unit, at the terminals of the machine being protected: motor, etc.,
- using an ohmmeter with a voltage rating less than or equal to 2.5 V, measure the resistance of the probe circuit at the machine terminals,
- depending on the number and type of thermistors connected in series, check that their resistance value at 25 °C is correct.

Example: motor fitted with 3 PTC thermistor probes with a resistance ≤ 250 Ω at 25 °C.

Any value higher than 250 x 3 = 750  $\Omega$  indicates a problem.

(1) PTC: Positive Temperature Coefficient.

(2) Relay energised: the contacts are shown in the "operating" position.

References pages B11/17 and B11/18

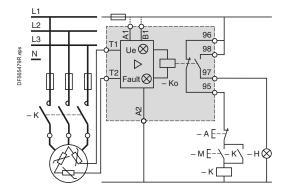
Characteristics pages B11/50 to B11/53



# Ref.

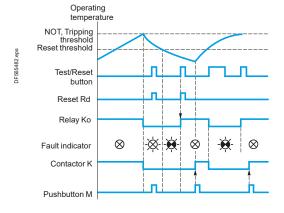
# **TeSys** Protect LT3 Thermal protection units

Schemes, operation



# Operating temperature NOT, Tripping threshold Reset threshold DF565480 Relay Ko -\∕X- $\otimes$ Fault indicator $\otimes$ Contactor K Pushbutton M

# L2 L3 Ue⊗ Ν $\triangleright$ Fault (X – a E



# LT3SA protection units

The LT3SA is normally energised and its internal relay is in the pre-energised position.

The motor is started by operating pushbutton M automatically held in by K (3-wire control circuit).

# Thermal fault

The strong increase in resistance of the PTC probes at the moment their temperature reaches the nominal operating temperature (NOT) is detected by the LT3SA unit and causes the relay to drop out, indicator H comes on, as does the built-in indicator on unit LT3SA

Contactor K drops out and pressing button M has no effect.

### Reset

As the motor cools, it reaches the reset threshold, 2 to 3 °C below the nominal operating temperature.

The relay resets and the motor can be started by pressing button M.

# LT3SM protection units

Operation is very similar to that described above, except for the following:

After tripping on thermal fault and cooling to the reset threshold, the Test/RESET button on the unit (R1) or a remote reset button (Rd) must be pressed to energise the

The fault is therefore memorised, even though the temperature of the probes has dropped to well below the reset threshold.

# Signalling circuit

As the relay is fitted with 2 separate contacts, the signalling voltage may be different from the contactor control voltage.

Pressing the Test/RESET button simulates a fault and causes the relay to drop out: the FAULT indicator comes on, as does the remote signalling indicator. The unit is reset by pressing the Test/RESET button again.

(1) PTC: Positive Temperature Coefficient.

Overload relays

# LR97, LT47 Electronic over current relays

# Characteristics

## Introduction





LT47

LR97D and LT47 electronic over current relays have been developed to satisfy machine protection requirements.

These relays have definite time characteristics: current threshold and time based function. They are particularly recommended for providing mechanical protection on machines with high resistive torque, high inertia and with strong probability of jamming under steady state conditions. They can be used for motor protection in the case of long starting times or frequent starting. The LR97D relay also incorporates two fixed time protection functions, one of 0.5 seconds

against locked rotor and one of 3 seconds against phase failure. LR97D and LT47 can be used to provide mechanical shock protection. In this case, setting the

O-Time knob to minimum will ensure tripping in 0.3 seconds LR97D is designed to be directly connected downstream of the Deca contactor.

LT47 provides two current transformers, to be crossed by the motor power cables.

## **Applications**

LR97D and LT47 relays are particularly suitable for the following machines:

- Monitoring function for excessively long starting time on machines with a risk of difficult starting:
- ☐ Machines with high resistive torque, high inertia machines.
- Monitoring of machines during steady state operation: overtorque detection function

  □ Machines with strong risk of jamming, machines with torque build-up over time,
- □ Mechanical failure monitoring,
- $\hfill \Box$  Faster detection of malfunctioning on machines where the motor is oversized in relation to its thermal protection I2t.
- Motor protection for specific applications:
   Machines with long starting times,
- Machines with high on-load factor: more than 30 to 50 starts/hour,
- ☐ Machine with fluctuating load from a steady state, where the thermal image of a thermal overload relay (thermal memory) is unsuitable in relation to actual overheating of the motor.

# **Examples of machines:**

- □ Conveyors, crushers and mixers,
- □ Fans, pumps and compressors,□ Centrifuges and spin-dryers,
- ☐ Presses, shearing machines, saws, broaching machines, sanders and lifting hoists.

## Operation

Because of their two separate time settings, LR97D and LT47 relays can be combined with the motor-starter function:

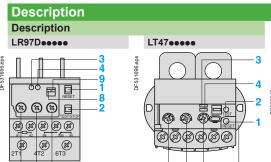
D-Time: starting time, O-Time: trip time during steady state.

The D-Time function is only available during the motor starting phase. During this phase the overload detection function is inhibited in order to allow starting. Under steady state conditions, when the motor current is greater than the setting current due to an overload or single-phasing, the red LED lights up and the internal relay switches its contact after a time preset by the O-Time

The red LED stays on, indicating that the relay has tripped.

The relays are simple to set, in 5 easy steps:

- Adjust the 3 knobs to maximum (Load, D-Time and O-Time).
- Adjust the D-Time knob to the value corresponding to the motor starting time.
- When the motor reaches steady state, adjust the Load knob (turn the knob counter-clockwise until the red LED starts to flicker).
- Slowly turn the Load knob clockwise until the LED goes out.
- Set the required tripping time, using the O-Time knob.



- RESET knob
- TEST/STOP knob
- Ready/Run Indicator
- Relay tripped indicator Current setting
- Adjustment of starting
- 10
  - Adjustment of tripping
  - Manual/Auto adjustment
  - Single-phase/3-phase adjustment
  - 10 Retractable fixing lugs

# Status signalling

LT47

To assist fast diagnostics, two LEDs (one green and one red) allow signalling of the operating status

scha	Status				LED signal					
3948.	Stati	Status			Green LED	Red LED				
DF 503948.eps	Voltage			On	шш	Off				
	Start	ing								
	Steady state			On		Off				
	Over	Overload		On						
	Trip	Over- curre		Off		On				
	Ċ	Rotor locke		Off						
		Pha	L1	Off						
		se fail- ure	L2	Off						
		ui o	L3	Off						

	Condition	LED signal						
		Green LED	Red LED					
	Voltage	On LILL	Off					
	Starting							
	Steady state	On	Off					
	Overload	On						
	Trip	Off	On					

References: page B11/19

Dimensions, mounting: page B11/60

Schemes page B11/60

# LR97, LT47 Electronic over current relays

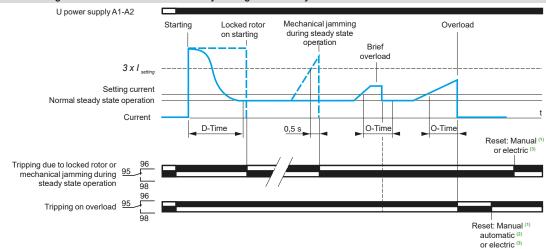
# Characteristics

# **Curves**

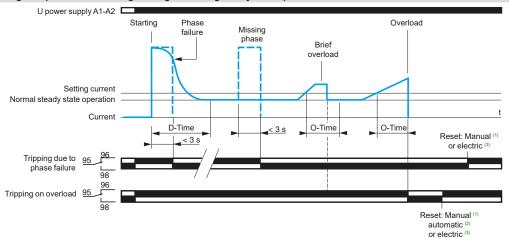
## LR97D

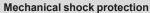
Overload protection

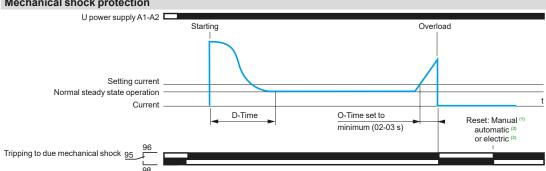
Protection against locked rotor and mechanical jamming under steady state conditions



Overload protection
Protection against phase failure during starting and during steady state operation







(1) By Reset button.

(2) Fixed time of 120 s. Selectable by dip switch. Function not available in the event of tripping due to locked rotor/mechanical jamming (I> 3 x I setting) or phase failure.

(3) By brief interruption of power supply, minimum 0.1 s.

Ref.





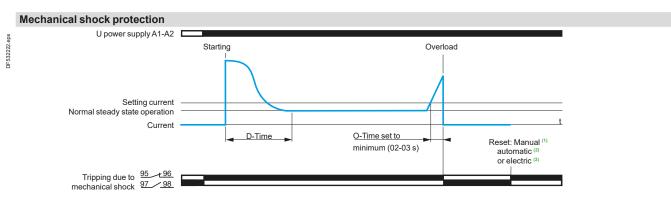


Overload relays

References: page B11/19 Dimensions, mounting: page B11/60

Schemes page B11/60

# Curves LT47 Overload protection U power supply A1-A2 Starting Overload Brief overload Overload Overload Brief overload Overload Overload Brief overload Overload Brief overload Overload



Ref.

DF532221.eps

- (1) By Reset button.
- (2) Only available on version with automatic reset (LT47••••A). Time adjustable from 1 to 120 s with the R-Time knob.
- (3) By brief interruption of power supply, minimum 0.1 s.

Characteristics							
Environment							
Relay type			LR97D•••••	LT47••••			
Conforming to standards			IEC/EN 60947-4-1, IEC/EN 60947-5-1, UL 60947-4-1, CSA C22.2 n° 60947-4-1, UL 60947-5-1, CSA C22.2 n° 60947-5-1, GB/T 14048.5	IEC/EN 60947-4-1, IEC/EN 60947-5-1, UL 60947-4-1, CSA C22.2 n° 60947-4-1 UL 60947-5-1, CSA C22.2 n° 60947-5-1 GB/T 14048.5			
Product certifications			UL, CSA, CCC, EAC	UL, CSA, CCC, EAC			
Degree of protection	egree of protection Conforming to IEC 60529		IP 20 (front face)	IP 20 (front face)			
Ambient air temperature	Storage	°C	- 30+ 80	- 30+ 80			
around the device	Normal operation without derating (IEC 60947-4-1)	°C -25+60		- 25+ 60			
Maximum operating altitude			2000	2000			
Operating positions without derating	In relation to normal vertical mounting plane		Any position	Any position			
Shock resistance	Permissible acceleration conforming to IEC 60068-2-27		15 gn - 11 ms	15 gn - 11 ms			
Vibration resistance Permissible acceleration conforming to IEC 60068-2			4 gn	4 gn			
Dielectric strength at 50 Hz	Conforming to IEC 60947-4-1	kV	2	2			
Surge withstand	tand Conforming to IEC 61000-4-5		6	6			
Resistance to	nce to In open air I		8 (level 3)	8 (level 3)			
electrostatic discharge	In direct mode	kV	6 (level 3)	6 (level 3)			
Immunity to radiated radio-f	munity to radiated radio-frequency disturbance		10 (level 3)	10 (level 3)			
Immunity to fast transient currents			2	2			
Conducted emissions	Conforming to EN 55011		Class A	Class A			
Conducted HF disturbance	Conducted HF disturbance Conforming to EN 61000-4-6		10	10			

# **TeSys** Protect LR97, LT47 Electronic over current relays

# Characteristics

<b>Auxiliary contact characte</b>	ristics											
Relay type				LR97Deee	•			LT47	•			
Contact type			T	1 NO/NC				1 N/O + 1N	I/C			
Conventional thermal current			Α	3				3				
Maximum hold consumption			v	$\sim$ 24 $\sim$ 48 $\sim$ 110 $\sim$ 22				$\sim$ 24 $\sim$ 48 $\sim$ 110 $\sim$ 22				
of controlled contactor coils	•		VA	70 1	40	360	360	70	140	360	360	
occasional operating cycles		V	<del></del> 24 =	- 48	<del></del> 110	== 220	<del></del> 24	<del></del> 48	<del></del> 110	== 22		
or contact 95-96)	ntact 95-96)		W	55 5	5	28	28	55	55	28	28	
Short-circuit protection By gG, BS fuses. Maximum rating or GB2 circuit breaker			Α	3				3				
Connection by cable or lug-clamp	os											
Flexible cable			mm²	1 x 0.75			1 x 1					
without cable end		Max.	mm²	2 x 2.5				2 x 2.5				
Flexible cable	1 or 2 conductors Mi		mm²	1 x 0.34				1 x 1				
with cable end		Max.	mm²	1 x 1.5 + 1 x 2.5				2 x 2.5				
External Ø of lugs			mm	7				7				
Ø of screw			mm	M3				M3.5				
Tightening torque			N.m	0.61.2			0.81.7					
Electrical characteristics of	of power circuit							-				
Relay type			,	LR97D015•• to LR97D38•• LR97D25••			LT47••••					
Setting range	Depending on mode	el	Α	0.338			0.560					
Tripping class				Adjustable				Adjustable 690				
Rated insulation voltage (Ui)	Conforming to IEC 6		V	690								
	Conforming to UL, C	SA	V	600		600						
Rated impulse vithstand voltage (Uimp)			kV	6				6				
Frequency limits Of the operating current		Hz	5060				5060					
Connection by cable or lug-clamp	OS							1				
Flexible cable	1 conductor	Min.	mm²	1.5		2.5		_				
without cable end		Max.		10		10		-				
Flexible cable	1 conductor	Min.	mm²	1		1		-				
with cable end		Max.		4		6		_				
External Ø of lugs			mm	10		12	_					
Ø of screw			mm	M4		M4		_				
Tightening torque			N.m	2		2		-				
Operating characteristics								l				
Relay type				LR97Deee			LT47		1 1747	••••A		
Adjustment	Current		Α	"Load" knob		"Load" knob		"Load" knob				
ajustinoni	Time	D-time knob	s	0.530 0.2/0.310		0.530		-				
		O-time knob	s				0.2/0.310		0.2/0	0.2/0.330		
		R-time knob	s	-			-		11	1120		
Reset	Manual			Reset butto	n Reset buttor		n Reset		Reset button			
	Automatic			120 s fixed		_		R-time knob: 1		e knob: 1-	-120 s	
	Electrical			By interruption of power supply (minimum 0.1 s)		By interruption of power supply (minimum 0.1 s)			By interruption of power supply (minimum 0.1 s			
Protection functions				On starting	_	eady	On starting	Steady	- '		·	
Overload $I_{\text{max}} > I_{\text{setting}}$	Tripping			Inhibited during D-time	_	er O-time	Inhibited during D-time	After O-tin	e After	O-time		
Locked rotor, mechanical jamming I > 3 x I <sub>setting</sub>	Tripping			After D-time	< 0	1.5 s	Inhibited during D-time	After O-tin	e After	O-time		
Sensitivity to phase failure	Sensitivity to phase failure Tripping			<3s	<3s		Inhibited during D-time	l e		After O-time		
Status and fault signalling (see table page 24517/2)			2 LEDs		2 LEDs		2 LEI	2 LEDs				
TEST/STOP function	Test			No load			No load		No lo			
	Stop					I Inder load		I Inder load				

Under load

Yes

Under load

Yes

Overload relays

Dimensions, mounting: page B11/60 Schemes: page B11/60 References: page B11/19

Stop

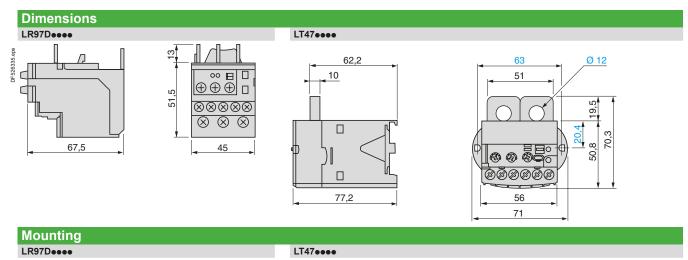
Sealing

Under load

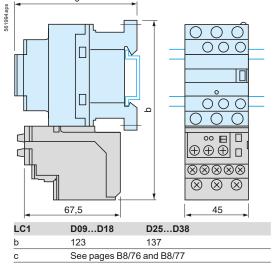
Yes

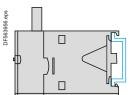
# LR97, LT47 Electronic over current relays

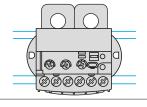
Dimensions, mounting, schemes



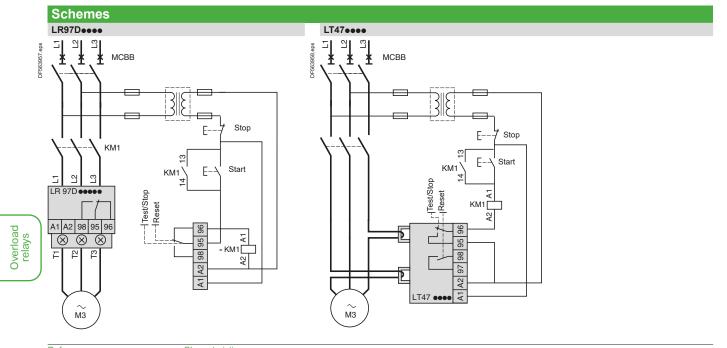
Direct mounting beneath the contactor







Note: Can be mounted on ur rail.



References: page B11/19

Characteristics: pages B11/56 to B11/59